POCAHONTAS COUNTY BICENTENNIAL "THE POCAHONTAS TIMES"

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BAND BOWEL

Vol. 1V

s on the buckboard where his essauring

1st Book for writer 2nd book for Editor Times 3rd book for ANNA FISHER
4th book for Meade Waugh's family collection.

This section started April 23th.

tin waugh did the churcing and butter

pule Waugh. Evidently they

the farm, I repended many times when

re beed, Sometime Glen L. Vaughan Lt. U.S.N. (Ret). 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Md. 21401

Milk Delivery About 1914.

prom the early teen's until the time Mr. Zed. Smith, Jr. built the first dairy with machines to sterilize the bottles and equipment in handling large quanties of milk, Marlinton had daily milk deliveries. Mr. Isen Waugh, whose farm was on the flat land behind Kee's Rock. There he kept his herd of cows.

Every day Mr. Waugh would drive his old fashioned buckboard buggy to town with the milk, cream and buttermilk cans tied on the back of the seat. His old horse with the fringe net to keep the flys away almost knew his route. Mr. Waugh would simply say 'Get up', and talk Stopped him over his entire route, the horse in fromt of the regular customers.

There were hooks on the buckboard where his measuring containers and strainers were carried. From a half pint to half gallon containers which were made of copper - handle on one side spout on the other side. The customers would bring out their own containers paying no attention to the dusty street as the measuring containers were wiped clean each time they were used. Sometime Mr. Waugh would sell butter and eggs, although many of the town's citizen's had their own chickens and a few owned their own cows.

MRs. Lizzie Waugh did the churning and butter making in her large kitchen back on the farm. I remember many times when her mail was sent to my Aunt Lizzie Waugh. Evidently they had their friends use - Kee's Rock and Times Office and the problem was corrected.

Ice Wagon

THE PERSONS OF TOMES - NAVIGEOUS, & RES.—Page 8

Following the milk buggy was usually the ice we gon from the ice plant or storage room on upper Enird Avenua. Thora boing very few electric refrigerators in to m mort fundice had been bexes with one compartment reserved for about a seventy five pound piece of ice.

The parent and in the ...

These families had a large card with the numbers 25-50-75-100 etc. in the corners of both sides of the cards. Thickey'r number was resdable from the street that is what the ice an would deliver. He would sometimes have to saw of use an ice pick to cut a 300 lb. cake of ice and all the kids would be in for a treat catching the smaler pieces that fell to the ground. The iceman would carry the large place on his shoulder with a pair of ice tongs and place in the ica compartment- always being careful to raplace the smaller piece that was already in the box.

Earlier I remember that in the cold winter months ice was cut with I saw pulled on a sled on Knapps Creak between the Hailroad Bridge and the river. This was stored in the ice house and used in Citizen completes of the summer for making ice cream. many that will see action;

or 100 Same Sharp, (650) Often boxcars of this ice was shipped to Charleston during the vinter months to be used in the cold storage wardhouses there. Of No. 1 Principles of all Publishers course Knapps Greek was much deeper and cleaner during those days venue Coulted and (77) in personal factor places for Sale than took a second

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PCHS Football

The Warriors defense did a good job shutting out Webster County Friday night and the offense moved the ball consistently.

The young Warriors won their third straight game. Albert Pondexter, the area's leading scorer, scored two touchdowns. Sophomore, Rick Irvine, scored on a screen pass thrown by Sophomore Richard Oref. Oref also had two interceptions from his defensive halfback spot. Defensive tackle, Mike Williams, recovered a fumble deep in Warrior territory. Webster County was able to get inside the thirty yard line twice in the game.

Keith Pondexter had a 70 yard run nullified by a clipping penalty and his brother, Albert, had a 70 yard run nullified on a motion penalty.

Rick Doyle and Fred Tibbs played well at the linebacker spot.

The entire team offensively and defensively executed well, displaying good blocking and tackling form.

The Warriors play Petersburg at home this Friday night which will be parents night. We hope to have an offensive and defensive unit for Friday night's game, enabling 22 different players to start, besides the kicking team. Offensive Probable Starters

Center-Ronnie Van-Reenen (54) Senior.

Left Guard-Ronnie Mullens (63) Senior.

Right Guard - Mark Kinder (67) Sophomore.

Left Tackle-Glen Arbogast (72) Sophomore.

Right Tackle-Craig Doss (71) Sophomore.

Left End—David L. Cassell (31) Junior.

Right End-Mike Buzzard (85) Senior.

Quarter Back - Mark Waslo (10) Junior.

Tail Back-Albert Pon-

dexter (24) Senior. Full Rack Keith Po

Full Back-Keith Pondexter (34) Sophomore

Half Back-Rick Irvine (30) Sophomore.

The Warriors have three players in top three in New River Valley Conference statistics, Albert Pondexter, Conference leading scorer with 72 points, Mark Waslo, third in pass percentage, David Lee Cassell third in pass receptions.

Defensive Probable Starters Middle Guard— Melvin Ricottilli (52) Junior.

Tackle—Mike Williams
(51) Sophomore

Tackle - Tom Barnisky (75) Junior, or Greg Rose (74) Sophomore.

End-Phillip Hill (86) Sophomore.

End-Mark Gum (87) Junior.

Linebacker-Fred Tibbs (43) Senior

Linebacker—Rick Doyle (44) Senior

Halfback-Richard Oref (22) Sophomore

Halfback-Wayne Cassell (15) Sophomore. Safety-strong-William

Dilley (88) Junior

Safety-free—Mike Ryder (23) Sophomore

Other members of the squad that will see action are (55) Ronnie Sharp, (69) Conrad Smith, (68) Richard Faulknier, (64) Bob Myers, (81) Lewis Fromhart, (36) Eddie Beverage, (89) John Dilley, (80) Bruce Johnson, (62) Tim Galford, (73) Grant Galford, and (77) Tony Wiley.

The Warriors play Clarksburg Roosevelt Wilson in Clarksburg, November 12 at 7:30. The Boosters. Club will furnish the evening meal.

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

PCHS 18 - Webster County 0
Nov. 5. Petersburg at PCHS
8 pm. Last home game.

Ninth Grade Football
PCHS 14 - Franklin 0
Varsity Girls Basketball

Peteraburg 25 - PCHS 16 Nov. 4, Franklin at PCHS, 1 pm

Nov. 8, PCHS at Greenbrier East, 1:30 pm Nov. 9, PCHS at Richwood,

Elementary School Football
Nov. 6. Martinton at Green

Friday night PCHS plays their last home game with Petersburg. The Athletic Boosters have planned this game for Parents night. We hope the parents will plan to attend this game to be recognized with your son. Also we want to recognize the parents of the Varsity Cheerleaders.

Everyone come out and support our Warriors to a fourth win.

Louise Barnisky

Town of Marlinton
The Mayor will meet with
State Road personnel to
check on drain at Mitchell
Garage and clogged culverts at Knapps Creek

bridge.

The mayor reported letters had been written to several town residents that fences and property extended over into town property and explained they would be responsible for any damages resulting from this.

No funds are available for street paving at present.

Bobby Dean appeared before the Council concerning the town dump and prevention of fire—the Mayor made plans to meet with him Wednesday.

Multiple problems were discussed. The weather, flood, and many demands on time have curtailed many repairs needed.

A preliminary proposal for work on a sewage system and possibility of a grant was presented in a short written outline from Martin and Associates. The Council decided to ask them to proceed with plans to contact the Department of National Resources, etc.

A building permit was approved for James Lannan for an addition to his home at 1210 Parrish Street.

A financial report was made on the five active accounts and bills were approved.

The cemetery, records, location of lots, etc., were discussed. An enlarged map will be secured.

Doug Ryder was employed as part time policeman at the last meeting.

Col. Smith, of the Corps of Engineers, will be here Monday, November 8, at 1:00 P. M. to discuss flooding. There Ain't No G in Marlinton
A smart and stylish man was he,
He had a college-bought degree,
He wished to buy some timber land,
And so he took his pen in hand,
But when it was said and done,
He hurt his friend in Marlinton,
He did a capital crime you see,
Spelling Marlinton with a G.
There ain't no G in Marlinton,

Jacob Marlin, a hunter bold,
Settled here in days of old,
He camped in a hollow tree,
And spelled his name with nary G.
His partner, a hunter, also came,
Stephen B. Sewell, was his name,
The year was seventeen-fifty-one,
They founded the town of Marlinton.

While they dwelt in solitude,
Sewell got in an ugly mood;
He took his knife and on a tree,
Cut M A R L I N G.
Then Jacob Marlin, mighty quick,
Fell on him like a thousand brick,
For it always riled his family,
For folks to spell the name with G.

Old Jacob Marlin died in bed,
Sewell—the Indians killed him dead.
It was an awful fate, but he
Was prone to use the extra G.
Let all take warning from his fate,
And when our town they designate,
They sure must mind their p's and q's,
This awful G we can't excuse.



New Ambulances

Shown above are the two new ambulances now serving Pocahontas County. One went to Denmar State Hospital for use by the Hospital and it is also available in the Southern part of the County. The other ambulance went to the Bartow - Frank - Durbin Fire Department to serve Upper Pocahontas County. These vehicles were made available to the County by the Governor's Highway Safety Administration on a 50/50 cost sharing basis at a total cost of \$12,875 each. The state share of the purchase price came from the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration. At the county level, the matching funds were pro-

vided by Denmar State Hospital and the B-F-D Fire Department. The ambulances were among ten presented by Gov. Moore to nine counties on Wednesday, October 27. They were then turned over to Denmar and the B-F-D Fire Dept. on Thursday when the photo was taken.

In the photo are John Simmons, B-F-D Fire Chief, Steve Hunter, President of the County Commission, Fred Burns, Jr., County Coordinator for the Governor's Highway Safety Administration, Carl Weimer, Administrator at Denmar, Ivan Withers, Accountant at Denmar, and Harry Hull, with the Governor's Highway Safety Administration.

Letter

Dear Editor:

When I am Annie L. Cromer's age, will the Lord forgive me if I see the educational needs of any child, including foster children; in the way that her article implies.

This writer seriously doubts that the education of any rural child in Pocahontas County was obtained in a vastly different manner from Mrs. Cromer's if said child was within 10 years of Mrsols Cromer's education

Our grandparents walked muddy roads to one room schools, our parents did. and this writer walked through woods and fields. muddy roads (Later hard surfaced) to get her first nine years of education. The ninth year was walked from Pap's farm, way off the hard surface of U. S. 219 on the southern end of Droop Mountain, almost to Hillsboro for much of her Freshman High School year. May the Lord forgive me if I should think a person attending school in the affluent years of the 1970's should walk five miles each way just be-cause this writer, "When I was their age didn't have" transportation.

This writer, though never a foster child, experienced living in several homes where she worked to defray expenses of board, room, and clothing while pursuing three years of high school and a college degree. In most of these homes we were treated as siblings and peers. We were given free time to prepare our lessons for the morrow, and these folks helped us unsparl assignments we did not understand. Most of these folks taught us to be assets to the community by precept and example, thus aiding our self concept that we were somebody special.

There were two other homes in which this writer worked which was a bitter experience.

This writer is a parent and has been a foster parent. The natural and foster children, were treated equally and also helped with any assignments or memory work that needed help or drill.

Having taught in grades two through seven in public school, this writer wishes to inform Mrs. Cromer that home work is necessary to give practice which "ties down' (reinforces) the skill taught, particularly in arithmetic, spelling, reading, English and generally true in all subjects.

As a teacher, this writer has had much experience in the classroom with children. Learning is harder for children from broken homes. This teacher has seen a child "go to pieces" because of "war" and later divorce in the home and/or a parent's death. As their world of trust, faith, and security falls, they are unable to cope with something they cannot understand. With troubled thoughts, they do not readily grasp what is being taught. Therefore, these children need all the love and help that can be given in a foster home, especially with home work. Help patiently, and if the foster parent can't help please don't blame the teacher.

Parents are not always qualified to be parents, nor are foster parents always and don't know the meaning of it according to Webster's 1941 Collegiate Dictionary second edition:

Nurture (noun) 1. Breeding; education; training. (2) That which nourishes; food

Nurture (verb transitive) (1) To feed or rear; to foster. (2) To educate; to bring up or train.

Theter (adjective) Afford-ing, receiving or sharing nourishment, nurture, or sustenance, though not related by blood.

Foster parent - A womman or man who has performed the duties of a parent to the child of an-

other.

This writer, parent, teacher, foster parent and grandmother is 58 years young, and she knows that if parents do not reinforce the teacher and/or support the teacher in faith their child will seldom do well in school.

Mrs. Cromer should be

invited to and spend seven days and nights with any teacher in Pocahontas County, listening, watching (without interfering) then make comments for what teachers are paid and comments concerning homework.

This writer is not angry at Mrs. Cromer but she does feel sorry for her, because Mrs. Cromer who is neither informed nor qualified to comment on either today's teachers, or today's educational procedures, so boldly displays her ignorance to the readers of The Pocahontas Times.

Respectfully. A taxpayer in Pocahontas County Name withheld by request.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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THURSDAY, NOV. 4, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, "77

Bill Letter

Dear Jane

I look forward to my Times each week, even tho' it comes one week behind each time.

I try to call Mom each Saturday, so I get all the big news, i.e., deaths and floods, before receiving your paper—it still brings me a little closer to "home" and solves that homesick feeling when I read it all with your special details.

I was sorely tempted to write you when I read Frank Colson's letter—I wish more of us would do that occasionally—"just sit down and reminisce about growing up in Marlinton and letting everyone know our feelings about how good and kind it all was—and still is."

is It is great living in the wild, wild West, and believe it or not, behind the tourism trap of casinos and gaming (we do not use the word gambling out here), there is a strong, conservative neighborhood atmosphere of decency and "right doing". Maybe even stronger than most communities because of the exposure to so much freedom of behaviors "downtown." It is interesting that we natives are not attracted to the slot machines and gaming tablessort of an attitude of "let

the tourists pay our state taxes for us and support our community resources"—

and they do!

Larry and I have been attending the Westminster "United" Presbyterian Church out here and there are only two Presbyterian Churches in this area. This is Mormon country! We feel right at home as there is no difference in the ritual of the worship servicessame doxology, creed and we even say "our debtors" instead of "trespassing." One thing I appreciate about the church services here is the very informal but meaningful "get acquainted time," after the minister opens services. when we all stand, and the minister descends from the pulpit, and circulates somewhat shaking hands and exchanging our names with others in the sanctuary. It certainly helps us newcomers "get acquainted" and feel even more welcome and accepted.

The Westerners are the most friendly, personal people I've ever lived amongst (very similar to us mountaineers), but you never hear any gossip

around here unless it's about some tourist who gets his name in the paper for a flagrant wrong-doing.

Our local paper, "Reno Evening Star," is also warm and personal—deals more with local fetes and accomplishments than with world violence, etc.

We're happy here but at times homesick for trees and gentle mountains. We are already planning retirement for Pocahontas County and read Mr. Beutteil's real estate ads with eagerness to start our land payments before it is all out of reach.

Guess you know Mother is flying out here November 14. We're hoping she'll stay through Christmas—and won't be too offended at the 'ways of Reno.' We'll do our best to convert her to 'blue jeans' and cowboy boots—and I expect one trip with me over 7,200 feet Mt. Rose to Lake Tahoe and she'll throw her crutch away for a parachute.

Love to all my friends.

Dorothea McLaughlin Mrs. Lawrence C. Mc-Million Sparks, Nevada

Nonagenarian Easily Recalls Simpler Days, Ways of Life

By Linds Hager

MUSTOE - When a person has 95 years of living on her time-card, she can tell folks "a lot about the times, and how they've changed." And, Time has to be spelled with a capital letter when one reaches this age; it is an old-friend with whom you are well-acquainted.

Levie Sabina Hamah, was born July 7, 1881 in Pocahontas County W. Va. Her girlhood was that of any youngster raised on a farm: she helped put up hay, did household chores, brought the cows from the fields. "I would go barefoot most of the summer, she recalls, "and in the morning when I'd creep out on the wet grass, and my feet would get cold, I would stand and warm them where the cows had been sleeping before taking them out."

Memories of girlhood good times are not hard to bring back to Mrs. Hannah's alert mind. She recalls old-fashioned taffy-pulls, good times in the evenings, when her mother played an accordion and the family would sing together, and times of story talling. Those were days when parents taught their children ABCs and tursery rhymes, reading and spelling. Smilingly, she remembers one of her favorite verses: "The bees and the flies have nice little eyes, but they can't read like me. They climb on the book and seem to look, but they can't say ABC!"

The years have dimmed Mrs. Hazzah's cyesight. Uctil about a year ago, she could still read, but now, cataracts prevents that pleasure. As a girl, she took pride to her reading and scholastic chitities. "I was a good speller-always at the lead of the class," the says. And, she went on to become a school feacher, instructing students in grades 1.7 a one room school near the Granulater River.



MRS, LEVIE HANNAH

Today's school child can'timagine the hardships endured by children of yesteryear who wanted an education. Most of the students would walk over a mile to school, through winter snow or spring rain. Running water, central heating and electricity were not readily available to country felks. School cafeterias? Nonsense! Lunch was brought from home, and drinking water "toted" in a bucket from a nearby spring; all drank from a common dipper. Summer heat was combatted by a fresh breeze through an open window. In winter, a wood fire was kept going. Mrs. Hamsh says it was a world of the McGully reader and the hickory switch. "But, I didn't spank the children often," her gentle voice reminisces, "Mostly I could talk to them and get

them to mind."

At 23, the school teacher traded ber Miss for a Mrs. and began the life of a farmer's wife. She bore 3 children, 5 daughters and 3 sons (one daughter died in infancy), and the years of raising her family were "busy, but happy," she recalls. People had few clothes in those days, and what they did have were washed in a wooden or galvanized tub over a washboard. "Washing was an all day thing."

Thrift was a virtue in the early 1900s and Mrs. Hannah made her own soap and sewed the family's clothes; her kitchen was seldom without the aroma of fresh-baked bread. Her husband, Hugh, would raise vegetables in a large garden, and she put up as many as she could. Fresh butter and milk were family staples, as well as a daily supply of eggs from the henhouse. Sweets were served only on special occasions.

Candlelight and oil lamps were the only evening light Mrs. Hannah knew until "I think it was the late 1920s before we got electricity-maybe the 30s." Trips to church or for occasional outings were, for many years, on horseback. Parties were seldom held without some woven-in work purpose: gatherings for quilting, corn husking or apple peeling were followed by dancing, playacting, singing or other gaiety.

Families maintained close ties then, "My mother helped a great deal with the children. Both Hugh's mother and mine had looms and they made blankets and cloth for clothes. They were always around to help in sickness. Old home remedies were that day's substitute for the corner drug store of patent medicine. When children had a cough or sore throat, a mixture of boney and butter would soothe and pacify. Then, there were other, less pleasant remedies for other silments-castor oil and camimile

tea! Every mother knew the secret of making a mustard plaster to light the dangers of pneumonia.

A widow since 1967, Mrs. Hanman looks beck on her long lifetime with a sense of accomplishment. If she has any "secrets" of her longevity, they seem to be her relaxed attitude and her devotion to God. Always, she had read and studied her Bible; now she likes to have at read to her. She can recite favorite verses, which she has adopted as part of her life's philosophy. "This earth has always been a good place, but I know there's still a better place," she smiles.

Recently, when she celebrated her 95th birthday, she received congratulations from President Ford. Her children beam with pride over their Mom. Two of her daughters are well known to local residents, Hazel Corbett and Ethel High, Other children are Lucille Lahti, Fred Hannah and Warren Harmah. Marjorie Collins, another daughter, is deceased.

- THE RECORDER

Letter

Here is my first school days; I thought they might be interesting to some that know me. Although most of them have passed on.

I started in the year of 1901 or 1902, and Bertie Hill from Lobelia, was my first teacher. The following are the names of other teachers I went to: Lucy Hannah, Mary Hannah, Lucy Smith, Ellet Smith, Elmer Duncan, Ava Green, of Roane County, Ruth White, Bertha Baxter, Nannie Barnes.

We had to walk over a mile to the little old West Union schoolhouse. We had to cross Stony Creek on a foot log and cross another run five times to get there. Sometimes the water was too high for us to cross and we had to miss school. I went with five other brothers and sister at the same time. We had to wade snow waist high sometimes; they didn't scrape roads in those days. We carried our dinner (biscuits mostly) in a little wooden salt fish bucket. Two of the girls went during the noon hour to bring a bucket of water from William Gilmore's spring and it lasted until

the next day. We all drank out of the same dipper and no one died from diseases from it. We girls would sweep the school house and whoever got there first would build a fire but later on they hired a school boy to build the fires. School took up at nine o'clock and was taught until four o' clock. We just got off one day for Christmas, and if we lost a day on account of bad weather we made it up on Saturday. Those were the good old days. I think the teachers pay was twenty five or thirty dollars a month. We had spelling matches and speeches about once a month. Ida Beverage McNeill

November 6, 1976 Here is an assortment of notes that have collected about schools in the area when I grew up. I've read some of the recollections that have then submitted to the Jimes. you are welcome to use any of his material if you can. It was collected my gersoral satisfaction and much of is far from complete. Wishing you continued success in ur endeavor Sincerely ,

Dulent Claylor

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LMINGTON. DEL. 19805

The first school in the vicinity of Freen Bank was erected in 1780. It was a typical pay school of that period; the fee was paid by boarding the teacher a certain length of time, according to the number of scholars in the school.

As Green Sank became a larger place than a one-house town, a school was erected below the town at what was then known as the Crossroads, and named after that location. The school lasted until the year 1820, and then a school was built on what is now the property of John R. Gum which was then known as Cartmill Creek. This school served the purpose of educations the pioneer children for a decade or more.

As churches were built with better regard to the density of the people, the session rooms bacame the school houses, the session room of Liberty Church being one of the most important in Green Bank Community. The session room schools were usually taught by the pastor, and if the pastor did not teach, outside teachers would teach a term of three months for a dollar a scholar if there were as many as ten scholars.

The session room schools lasted until 1842, when the Green Bank Academy was erected where the Odd Fellows Lodge Hall now stands in Green Bank. This was the first free school and was first taught by Frofessor Benjamin Arbogast who had influenced the founding of it. The usual number attending was from sixty-five to seventy-five. This school was part of the Academy program of the County which called for the erection of three academies: at Green Bank, Huntersville, and Hillsboro. These three buildings xxxx were of brick and were the most modern buildings in the County. Nost of the people in Green Bank District sent their children to this school. These scholars boarded at Green Bank for there was no method of conveyance from the more distant homes.

when a student had finished this school he could attend Institute for a week, and then pass a test given and prepared by the County Superintendent and become qualified for a teaching position. Green Bank District had its own Board of Education at that time, so the teachers went before them to qualify for a job. But they had to have as many as two trustees of the three to sign their contract before the job was forthcoming; the salary being about sixty dollars a month.

A few years after the Civil War, the buklding was remodeled and that a high standard of education.

The old Academy served until it was replaced with a frame structure that lasted until 1916; the last session being taught by C.E. Flynn, Sign School.

In the year 1916, John W. Goodsell, President of the Board of Ministers, with the aid of Dr. Leland Moomau, founded the Green Bank Eigh School with the graded school being in the same building.

The first levy of money called for enough money to build the part the free of the building to the bigh school part, which extended from first high school and grades were taught in the same part, but as the dynamics, and a few years later the gym and the rooms above it were erected. This last was completed in 1926.

It was submitted to as a popular vote. The main candidates for the

site were: Cass, Dunmore, Durbin, and Greenbank, with the latter coming in shead with a fair majority.

The first term of school opened in the fall of 1918 with a small enrollment. The first principal was W. P. Haught of Bristol, W.VA., with Miss Lucy Meredith, Margaret Hunt, and Lillian Moomau as assistants.

The first graduate of the school in 1919 was Grace Curry, who had attended Marlinton for three years. In the year 1920, there were five graduates; Virginia Dare Moomau, Helen Beard, Bertie Beard, Lillian Beard, and Lucille Oliver. In 1921 there were ten graduates, fifteen in 1922, fourteen in 1923, nineteen in 1924, and so on.

N. Phay Taylor, the second principal, was succeeded by T. P. Harwood, who served nine years as principal. Mar. Harwood was replaced in 1931 by John Roach who served four years. In 1936, Claude A. HcMillion became principal and served until his death in the spring of 1945, when Mr. Mack Brooks, Assistant County Superintendent, served until the end of the term. In the fall of 1945, Mr. Virgil B. Harris of Gassaway, W. Va., became principal and has served ever since.

Brief Highlights: Basketball started early in the school's history; football not until 1926 -- first touchdown for the school was made by Olen Hiner in a game with white Sulphur. Home Economics was installed about three years after the founding of the school. The FHA Club was organized in 1930 and is one of the oldest in the state. In 1950, a separate Vo#Ag building was constructed; the following year, a huge garage. Hot Lunch Program for Green Bank High School and Graded School was introduced about fifteen years ago. In 1936 a new addition to the main building was made and steam heat was installed. In 1944 the GHS Bank was organized under the direction of Anna Margaret Johnson. In 1946 a new floor was laid in the gym and a new heating system installed. Pocahontas County Added County Music Supervision in 1945, Miss Jorathy McBeel now serves in that field. Plans are the direction install fire escapes and to wire the building during the supervision 1949.

OAK HILL Arborale U, 1-8, 19 B: greefe jack.
PLEASANT HILL Marinton, U. 1-3, Midred Commission.
PLEASANT TALLET. LOBER. U. 1-7. Flyns, OLD LICK, Bartow, U. 14, 6, Far NOTTINGHAM Darble, Red. 14, 33 R. Miles Les Gibsen, MT, 21QN, Muntersville, 3ad, 14, 25, 33 PINE GROVE, Frack M. 1-4, 19, M. OAK GROVE, Greenlank U, 1-5, M. Cil Hares. SALISBURY. Boyer U. 1-7, 15 Do. Fubrman. SENECA TRAIL SMITTER M 1-5 11 NORTH FORK Hunterestic U. 1-4 Ethel Ctendar ham, Rucklida, 1-7, 13, W Encille Bright, 1-1.
SPRUCE, Statfork, U. 1-8, 16, Paul STONY, HOTTOM, Sunny Bottom, L.
Th. Bonnie Meholas.
THORNWOOD, Rartow and 1-2, 32, Pa WATOGA (N), WAIOGA U, 1-2, 19 M. WEST DROOP, Spice, U. 1-6, 35, De-1 WEST, DATON, Martining, U. 14, 15, 15, 14 Abuss Cole POAGE LANE Clore Lieb, U. 14 Les Sharp Mr. PLEASANT, Dunsons, 2nd, 3-4, STILLWELL Maringun, U. 1-8. Sylage Set 1-4 31 Mary Revent THORNY CREEK, Dunnore, U. 1-4 TOP ALLEGHENY, Barton, F. 1-8. WESLEY CHAPFL Greebunk 1-4 Stanche Parterson 14 WOODEON, Marillelon Okie Walton, 5-6. K. H. Wilmoth. Rolling Start. W. A. Hirely. E. Hamilton. ine Hughes. Frm C. A. Machinean
Level Navid. Vo. H.

Warren Handland, Lib., Eng.

F. W. Hedrick, Voc. St., Coach.

Blowling Hill.

Sol.

Louise Lineb. Seg. Soc. St.

Coulse Lineb. Seg. Soc. St.

Coulse Lineb. Seg. Soc. St.

Opsi Shaw, Math.

LeRoy Sheets. Eog. Soc. St.

Anna France, Smith, Math., Soc. St.

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R. Dice Smith, Rend., Eng. Sc.

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Bani Sharp, Soc. St. Coach.
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Virginia Flesher, Enc. Lat.
Baryer, Lilly-Math.
R. Paul Lord, Sci. Ind. A. Cosch.
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A Beloise Elization of America.

Cond.

Contain Research Fluorital Secretary. Consessors Moore, Strucerupher, Marita-John & Hannah, President Greenbank, MATE LACE, Millyonet C. 14, 10, Material Material Models RUN, Jeone E. 74, 17 Wellson Diver Medempille, Hanterville, Frank libr. Mullines, Carner, Servic, Green-HEAVER CHEEN, HERICANDIA, 22d, 14, BUN, Marlindon C, 1-4 S N. R. MUKE RUN, Martheton I. p.s. 16, Hunter URADY MEET U. P. 19, Lowell Soyder, Springs MCCNTAIN Munchabs Springs 1.14. 2 Vests Sharp. HILTPETS CREEK, Hill-bere, Ind 1-4, HUSH HUN, Royer U. 1-4 24, McNear MINHV FLAT. Mertiption C. 1-4, 19. BOARD OF EDUCATION CHEYE Buckey: 2nd 1-7, 55 Pris Gles Shinsbery, 6-7, Olive Marshall 1-3

18 Pays Dunlap

Olenta Barne.

The Glade Hill School stood in the front yard of the present Albert
Wilfong home. It was built before 1873 as a Sunday School was organized
there during that year. It was a log structure with two windows on the two sides.
A crude table, desks, and benches were the furnishings.

These teachers and incidents can be recalled:

Brown Yeager was a teacher.

James Gillespie was a teacher when Ulysses Nottingham hung a bucket of water over the door while Gillespie was outside. When Gillespie came in, the water spilled over him.

Emma Warwick taught there.

Bessie Patterson (Taylor) was a teacher when Arch Galford attended in the early 1890's.

Emma Ward taught there about 1896 - 7.

George Arbogast was believed to have taught there.

Nina Taylor (Sheets) attended her first school here. She walked past the Higgins Spring which is on the William Harrison Taylor farm.

Rella Taylor and Katie Kelly stole a candied pear from a student. Russell Taylor helped to eat it. Rella and Katie got a whipping for eating it.

Mrs. Belle Taylor Wooddell stated that the children of Addison Nottingham attended school there -- Albert, Ulysses, Victoria, and Lillie. Also Harvey Nottingham's children -- Bertie, Zack, Charlie, Lawrence, Virgie, and Bland. Other Nottinghams attending were: Add, Worth, Mary, Flora, Lee, and others. Belle remembered well the path thru the fields that her mother's people traveled to the school. It was well beaten into the earth.

The Glade Hill School was not used after the late 1890's. It was replaced by the new Thoray Branch Salved.

The old building was lived in by the Charles

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The Glade Mill School was not used after the late 1890's. It was replaced by the new Thomas Research School.

The old building was lived in by the Churles Wilfong family when they first seved to the farm. They later tore the building down.

OAK GROVE SCHOOL

There were two Oak Grove Schools, the old one and the new one. This information is about the old one that was located at the new of Rosin Run where William and Annie Arbogast later lived. This building was in use in 1894 as the Wesley Chapel Church was organized there during that year. Church services were held in the school during the winter months and during the summer months, they were held in a grove of trees where Emmett Taylor's house now stands.

Ezra Woodell was a teacher at this school for many years.

Maude Mason taught there about 1905. She whipped Laurence Kelley, Russell and Robert Taylor for leaving school to ride with Jim Sutton on a sled to take a coffin up to the Alderman Place. Luther Hudson tore his pants at this school as recalled by Russ Taylor.

The Old Oak Grove School was closed when the new one was built on the Sheets Road. The new one was in use in 1908 when Biss Mamie Orndorff was a teacher there.

dote: Before the old Oak Grove School was opened, there was an old school open for a few years down the hollow from the present Philip Sheets farm. James Cooper was a teacher there - probably before the Civil War.

marine Orndorff taught at the old Oak Green School when

Menge Bright taught at Old Oak Herre School when Carl Mann went there

Lane Portrand Tought at Old lik How School when Cent man-

This school was located on the Wesley Chapel Road about 34 miles from Green Bank, Wa

THE NEW OAK GROVE SCHOOL

This school replaced the old Oak Grove School on Rosin Run.

It was located a half mile from the Wesley Chapel Road on the Sheets Road. The last term was 1941-42 and Glenna Gibson was the last teacher. There were enough students after Kent Galford moved his family to Green Bank.

Some of the teachers were:

Mamie Orndorff 1908 (later became Mrs. Tilden Brown)

Ezra Wooddell 2-4 terms

Lottie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

Lilliam Beard (married Burt Kerr)

Willie Sheets 1 term

Margaret Lightner

Irent menn went to school time when manne Oundriff, Egralice delle, Welles Streets and Clerk Streets trought.

THE CROSS ROADS SCHOOL HOUSE

This school was located below Green Bank on the Dunmore road at the intersection of the Hill road and Rt.28. Dr. L.C. McCutcheon had an office near where the school was. It is believed that a tramp slept in the school and set it on fire. This school was in operation in the 1880's and 90's.

Anna Mayse taught there when Mrs. Minnie Sheets Ervin went to school there. Nelia McElwee Taylor went to school at the same time as the family lived at Stringtown.

THE CURRY SCHOOL

The Curry School was located on the Ellis Curry farm in the Hills. east of Dunmore W.Va.

Some teachers were:

Mack Brooks - his first school

Mabel Conrad - Oct. 11, 1920 to April 12, 1921

Sylvia Gum - this was Berle Horner's first year

Kathleen Taylor - 1931-32

Elizabeth Oliver (McCutcheon)

Margaret Lightner - 1934

Arlie Curry

School Officers 1920-21 J.W. Goodsell, President J.H. Curry, Secretary Members: E.N. Curry J.A. Patterson

School Officers 1932 C.E. Flynn, County Superintendent H.M. Whidney, President W.F. Groff, Secretary Members: Dr. U.H. Hannah Roscoe Brown

Elizabeth Oliver had a time trying to keep Neil Horner and Ernest Sheets from fighting at the Curry School.

The Old Building in Front of the Wesley Chapel Church

Henry and James Taylor built what was to be a store about with 1907. But the typhoid fever epidemic struck the community before it got underway. The building was used to house some of the Taylor children during the severe seige of the fever. Rella Taylor and katie Kelley kept some of the children there.

The building was used for a school for about three terms probably 1908 - 00 -19. The Gum Springs School on the Will Taylor
farm was begun when the fever struck on Galford's Creek. The
school at the church was used mostly by the immediate residents the Taylors, Gums, Akers, Kelleys. The Hudsons went across the
hill to the Oak Grove School.

Teachers at the school were:

- 1. Mr. Talbert taught two months
- 2. Mr. Doddrill
- 3. Mr. Ezra Woodell

Note: After the building washo longer used as a school, it was lived in by Cecil Kellison. The building was sold to Dennis Pitzgerald who moved it up to his father's farm and lived in it. Jake and Minnie Mace were living in it when it burned. Russ Taylor was whipped by Ezra Woodell at this school. The children were on their way to school, Russ threw a rock at Woodsie Gumm but hit Charlie Hoover in the head instead.

THORNY BRANCH SCHOOL

West Breen Bouch

The Thorny Branch School was a new frame building located in the hollow downstream from the Lawrence Kelly house. The building replaced the Glade Hill School.

The teachers were in order:

Susie McCarty from Little Levels in 1903. She boarded at Pete Oliver's and took Inez Oliver (aged 4 yrs.) to school with her for her first grade. Susie McCarty married Ulysses Nottingham in 1904 and died at Bear Creek, Montana in 1906 giving birth to her only child, Robert, who died in 1922 of pneumonia.

Annie Fleshman

Cleffie Fitzgerald

Clownie Hull for 2 terms. Rella Taylor Sheets remembered that he could be heard giving lessons all the way up the hill in the road.

Cora Hedrick

The school was replaced by the Gum Spring School and Wesley
Chapel School as there were about 48 students during the last term.
The building was moved up on top of the hill by Sam Elliott who lived in it for some years. It was located on the Jack Taylor farm where the old well is still seen. George and Mandy Taylor had lived in a house nearby before they build the big house in the bottom. Nola and Jack Taylor lived in the old school after their marriage in 1930. AJack Taylor moved the building across the bottom to use as a granary.

Belle Taylor Wooddell remembered the old Dr. Moomau visiting the school, also a Mr. Grimes. They were district school board presidents. Will Taylor, father of Belle, took a great interest in the school. When there were programs being presented, he was always urged to recite a poem. Belle attended the school from its beginning to the end. She has a picture of the school and scholars.

There was a slab pile downstream from the school where a saw mill had been. One time Clownie Hull was whipping Mac Wooddell when Mac had an accident in his pants. Andy and Forrest Taylor took Mac down to the slab pile and build a fence around him using the slabs.

Clownie Hull was the teacher the first term that Emmett Taylor attended the school.

Stevents at Thomy Breach School occarding to Hollie Grander

Presents

Mr. Taylor - the Nina, Bille, Hollie, Wella, Jack

mas Mr. P. Oliver - Inez, Uneider

Mr. Cerdy Wooddell - Mack, John altor

me I mes C m. Gend - Verne, Panie, Edgar, Olin, Lucin

Mr. I mes C m. Gend - Warne, Panie, Edgar, Olin, Lucin

Mr. I mes Henry Taylor - Brace, anna, Menry, Ellett

me I mes Henry Taylor - Joseph, Honge, Butis, twey

me I mes Jam Taylor - Joseph, Emmost

m. I mes Met Hum - Woodow, Henry, Willia, Brace

m. I mes Bill akters · Eva, Jay, Maud, Jee, (Burdy)

mes alies hely Bell - Katie, Laurence, Stan, Venie

Jem Welliams

?

M. I mes, Hunry Taylor - Reller, Russall, Robert, Vingre.

and Mattinglane (2)

The Gum Springs School was built by C.M. Acord which was located on the Pete Oliver farm. It was a frame structure and is still standing. It began operation about 1908.

The first teacher was Vincent Clay McCoy.

Other teachers were:

Ollie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

Floyd Winters (1 term)

Clara Sheets (2 terms)

Lottie Edminston (1 term)

Lee Wooddell (1 term)

Ethel Armentrout (1 term)

Mamie Ginger about 1915 (Her father was George Ginger who lived at Huntersville where Claude Tracy bought. She taught the last year that Emmett Taylor attended.)

Norma (nee Dare) Johnson about 1916. She taught the next year at Wesley Chapel.

Willa (or Mamie) Higgins (1 term)

Hallie Taylor Vanosdale (1 term)

Ralph Geiger (1 term)

Brownie Trainor Hamed (1 term)

Mildred McKeever (1 term)

or between Survey

THE WESLEY CHAPEL SCHOOL

The Wesley Chapel School was built by Will and Ed Taylor on land loaned by James and Nelia Taylor. The school was located about 300 yards down the road from the church. The school board furnished the desks for the school. The inside was plastered above the beaded wainscoting. The school had three windows on each side. The pot bellied coal stove with heat directing jacket around it was located in the right corner as the room was entered. A cloak room was passed through to get into the schoolroom. The smaller desks were on the left as the room was entered. The rows of desks were larger moving to the right. The teacher's desk and recitation bench were in the front of the room. In 1937 there was a 4 gallon stone water cooler with a cracked lid on it that was kept on a shelf in the left hand corner as the room was entered. There were forest designs on the outside of the cooler including a large buck deer. The cooler was broken and replaced with a barrel shaped white one that had blue bands around it. It was brought to the school in 1939 which also was the year that the teacher, Roland Sharp who left to study medicine, had a compartmentized all cabinet made where each student kept a drinking cup. A common dipper had een used before except some students kept cups in their desks.

One Halloween night during the late 1930's, the local boys put Lanty rder's buggy on the school house porch.

Neil Sheets was the student assigned to put chlorine in the water cooler 1937-38 to purify the water. The chlorine gave the water a bad taste. at was the first year that Hubert Taylor attended the school. He carried ter from home in a pint whiskey bottle in his lunch bucket. One cold morning the bundled first grader was trying to put the dinner bucket up on the high all in the cloak room, the bucket fell and broke the whiskey bottle, spilling

the water, and embarassing the timid scholar,

The water for the school was carried from the home of Sam Elliott, Eugene Kelly, or Lawrence Kelley depending upon which two boys were chosen to get the water and which families were feuding at the time.

An incomplete list of teachers follows:

1908 - 9 (?) Laura Porterfield who married Ed Galford

1910 (?) Clownie Hull

Ezra Wooddell

Clarence Everette

Anna Porterfield married Wm. McNeil Hudson

1913-14 Anna McKeever

Lula Liggett

Mrs. Norma Dare Johnson

1920-21 J.K. Arbogast (only one year, his first)

Alice Varner

Ruth Sutton (boarded at Mary Gum's)

Mrs. Lennie Thompson Woods (dau. of 'Windy'Thompson of Cass, wife of Mack Woods of Arbovale)

Bernard Gorrell (?)

1925 -6 Kathaleen Taylor (dau. of Harry Taylor)

George Kerr

1927-28 Ezra Wooddell

1928-29 Cordie Wilfong (Smith)

1935-36 McNeer Kerr (Dolly)

1936-37 " " " " " " " "

1937-38 """""""

1938-39 Hildreth Leader from Frank

1939-40 Roland Sharp

1940 -41 Mrs. Roland (Opal Price) Sharp

1941-42 Mrs: Grace Moore Sharp

1942-43 Glemma Gibson from Frost

1943-44 " " " " " " " " " " " " "

1944-45 Fannie Kane

1945-46 Ruth Riley (the last year the school was open)

The school house was later torn down by Troy Lusk and materials from it
were used in building his house on the same location. The basement was dug
the same year (49 or 50) that the Wesley Chapel Road was widened and hard topped
The basement was dug by a road crewman on Sunday while church services were
being held in the church up the road. William Irvin complained about the competition of the bulldozer noise against the service.

As told to Louise Brown by Hoscoe Brown

From an early period, education of the higher and lower grades attracted the attention of the early settlers of the Green Bank community. A line of pay schools were established throughout the community which provided everyone an opportunity to the royal road of learning; and thereby, nearly every person had a chance to learn to read and write.

The Green Bank community, prior to the Civil Mar had but few school houses. The schools were generally held in some old building that was abandoned which would be chinked and daubed with mud. In the pioneer days the old open fire place was used. The windows were frequently made of greaged paper and the benches were made of split logs with pins bored in for legs. The students, patrons, and teachers maintained the schools, and the tuition was paid by patrons of the school on a per capita basis. It is true that the early schools were private in nature. They were paid for by a group of families who were willing to pay for the tuition and were interested in school activities. The early settlers were anxious that their children learned to read, write, cipher, and read the Bible.

The community from an educational standpoint progressed very much, and took great interest in school work which of course was limited reading, writing and ciphering. The work of shifting the schools from place to place, and from one old log building to another became monotonous. The citizens were anxious to have a permanent school house erected in the community. In 1842 the Hon. John Grimes represented Pocahontas County in the Virginia Legislature. By a direct

appeal from the people of the community and from the county, it was upon his motion that charters were granted for three academies in .ocahentas County: at Hilisboro, Euntersville, and Green Bank.

The people were hilarious over the fact that they were going to have an Academy and that higher branches of learning would be taught.

The Green Bank Academy was built immediately after the charter was granted. It was a two room brick building with an open fire place in each end. The Academy was a great school center for a number of years. It was a great help in advancing school activities in the community. Many of the communityes very best citizens attended school at the old brick academy when it was conducted under the private system.

In 1852 the Board of Education ordered that the old academy be repaired. This was the only repair work done to the building since it was erected. The old building answered the purpose for a school building under the free school system until 1893. The people began to complain about the building being unsanitary and too small. The Board of Education ordered that a new building be prected on the top of the old academy, making a two story building out of it. The building was finished in the month of December, 1893 for the sum of \$385.00. The old academy, after the annex was completed, looked like a mansion or palace and put a brilliant shine on the town of Green Bank which lasted until the year of 1907. The progressive school patrons of the Green Bank subdistrict wanted more advancement in school architecture. They petitioned the Board of Education to build a new building since the old academy had been in use since the Mexican War. The patrons claimed that the old brick wall was giving away, and therefore condemned it as unsafe. After due consideration

the Board of Education ordered that the old building be torn down and that a new one be erected. The old brick academy was torn down in the year of 1907; after a period of 60 odd years of usefulness. No school building in the community had been more beneficial than this one.

The new building was erected on the site of the old academy. This was a one story building of frame structure with a folding partition in the center, waking two rooms. This was soon supplemed by the high school building.

In 1917 Green Bank High School was founded with the graded school being in the same building. The first levy of money called for enough money to build the part known a few years ago and the high school building. At first high school and grades were taught in the same buildings but as enrollment increased, xxx an additional eight rooms were added to take care of this. A few years later the gyantsium and rooms above it were erected. This last work was completed in 1926.

In 1330, a scenarate VO-Ag Building was constructed, which is used for an agriculture hall, Manual Training Shop and a school room. As the students attending this school are mainly from an agricultural district, the work done in this department has proven its value, and its enrollment has constatly and rapidly increased. To take case of this overflow the building has been enlarged from year to year until it is now a sizable structure. This adds not only to the value mixx and size of the school but also to the beauty of the grounds.

A hot lunch program was introduced about fifteen years ago which serves both the high and graded school.

The first class was graduated in 1919 and consisted of only one member. The class of 1950 graduated 50 students showing an increase of 5000% during the 31 year period lapsing between these dates.

HILLSIDE SCHOOL on Wasley Chapel Road

HILLSIDE SCHOOL on Wasley Chapel Road

By Mrs. Mary Margaret Price Barlow 1975

Hillside School was built by Charles Acord and others. Lanty Ryder worked on it. It was built in the winter of 1901 and Jan. 1902.

The first school opened in Feb. 1902 for 5 months.

The teachers were:

1902-03 Miss Emma Warwick

1903-04 Miss Emma Warwick

Spring 1904 Mrs. Alice McLaughlin Brooks

1904-05 no school

1905-06 Miss Lillie Milligan

1906-07 Miss Ollie Edminston (Sheets, Ervin)

1907-08 no school

1908-09 Miss Blanche Scott

1909-10 Miss Lillie Milligan

1910-11 Miss Mary Price McCarty

1911-12 Miss Mabel Gorrell (she boarded at Pete Oliver's, sister of Bernard Gorrell)

1912-13 no school

1913-14 Mrs. Jo Noel Bell

1914-15 Miss Elizabeth Herald

1915-16 Miss Stella Orndorff

1916-17 Mrs, Hallie Taylor Vanosdale

1917-18 Miss Stella Shinaberry

1918-19 Mrs. Maude Galford Dilley

1919-20 Miss Mamie Wilfong (Sheets)

1920-21 Miss Edna Wilfong

1921-22 Miss Jean Pritchard (?)

1922-23 Lyle McLaughlin

1923-24 Lyle McLaughlin

1924-25 Miss Lucille Friel

1925-26 Mrs. Gray Grimes Hiner

That was the last year the school was in session.

The building was bought by Garfield Grimes.

This building was on the bank above the road going up the hill from Brown pbell's where pines have now grown.

Mrs Mary Barlow attended this school from the terms of 1913-14 to 1919-20.

BOX 65 RT 1. STONY BOT TOM WVA. 24974

Stony Battom HV24979

Dear Sir.

your wanted to know about the old schools, so I am sending what information I have about the Bage Lane School which was my home reheal, Mast I the pupils lived quite a distance, some as far as two miles, from the school and in winter line was waded snow as much as the first deep sometimes yet we sure ihaught I missing school if we sawl get there at all.

Yours truly,

Juanita Shineberry D'illey

Poage Lan School house

Peage Lane School

This school house was located Three miles west of Clover Lick on the road to markentow. It was built on land belonging To Juiney It. Paage. I don't have the date when it was built, but I have a shotograph found among my parents belongings. This photograph was taken sametime in the 1890. The following people I am able to identify: Charles Thinaberry (my father). Davis Shinaberry, Ira Shinaberry, Harper Beverage, mystle mcClung, Low Poage, Emma Poage, Georgia Page (my mather), Tradsie Page, Lucy Page, Iva Waugh, Grace Page, Rosa Page. Hoxie mcClung, adam mcClung, reven siker I am not able to identify. miss annett Ligan was the teacher, She rade harseback from her hand two miles -away hear Clover Lieb, another picture taken in 1910 with Watter Hively as teacher contains The following Jupils: Thubert Grimes, Clarence Shinsberry, Florence Llinaberry, Lillian Paage, Fille mcClung, mal Hannah, Penic Hannah,

Hoble Paage, Pearl Hannah, Ercil McClung, Ruth Shinevery, Susie Hannah, Leola Grimes, Drusella Grimes, Trudie Waugh, Juanita Shinavery, Wilher Shinavery, Bedford Shinaberry, Dennis Grimes, Frank Mann. Islbert Sharp, Remus Hannah.

In a school souvenir dated 1915-1916 with Clyde Bussard as teacher. The fallowing pupils were enralled. Hazel Sharp, Grace Shinaberry, Noble Paage, Mayme Hannah, Elvie Sharp, Pearl Hannah, Juanita Stinaberry, argel allen, Ercie mclung, Glen Shinaberry, Dell Shinaberry, neal Williams, Wilber Shinaberry, Falbert Sharp, arnald allew, Fred Lowe, John Shinaberry, narman Sharp, Lack Mann, Kemus Hannah, Guincy Shinaberry. Frank Mann, Herman allen. The school board members were: E. B. Hill, George auldridge, Parter Kellison. Charles Edinaherry, J. O. mann, amas J. Skerp. at that time teachers were hired by the trustees and not by the Board of Education

boarded at the home of Mr. & Mrs. Queincy Mr. Paage

In mather school souvenir dated 1918 with Hattie Halsapple-teacher The pupils were: Juanita Shinaberry, noble Paage, Frances Carr, Edna Tatten, Elvie Sharp, Frank mann, Heal Williams, Randalph Carr, John Shinaberry, Jurney Shinakerry, Grace Shinakerry, Mayne Hannah. Halla Jatten, Hazel Shorp. Opal Shinsberry, Lock Mann, Remus Hannah, Habert Jatten, Dell Shinaberry, Glen Shinaberry, The had only for months of school at this time, and we had to take a written test to graduate from 8 it grade and go an into high solve Wither teachers I remember were; George Beale, Paul Stewart, Ina Sharp, and later teachers were Glenna Barnes, Ethel Hannah, Ethel Cunningham, Ruth Curningham, Maud Barner, Edith May, Juanita Skinsberry Same of the Sther pupils were:

Daniel Higgins, Earl Shinahary, June Gragg, Arlene Higgins, Vida Gragg, Fiffie Etragg, Ernest Baxter, Frances Cale, Fred Cale, Maadraw Shinaberry, Elvern Jacten, Dennil Jacten, Wrnold McClure, Ellett Higgins, Ethel Higgins, Carl Higgins, Grace Higgins, Earl Beverage, Frank Mann Jr. Braaks Barnett, Arlie Shinaberry, Alvie Shinaberry, Elsie Shinaberry, Alvie Shinaberry, Elsie Shinaberry,

In the 1940's The school was discontinued and the Children taken by bus to markintan, In 1950's The building was sald to Dewey Harrer and he built rooms to it, so it is now a part of his dwelling.

-by Juanita Shinaberry Dilley · Pocahontas Times

Jan. 17, 1935

Schools

Top Nochers 90+

Grossy Ridge

- Jean Puscy - Euwa Borner, Cornelia Bons Harrison Puscy - Noah & Cecil Mullenex Le Roy Burner

Bethell Was & Farm)

- Jewell Taylor

Big Fill

- Lillian Lock ridge

Blue Lick

- Hobert Payton

Brady

- Roth Wamsley

Brush RUN (Acar Beger Menualta Church)

- Roy Sheets - Jomes May-Hunter Monk

Broshy Flat

- Macd Smith, Julian Sharp- pumire

Compbelltown

- Irene Morrison - Jack Bestia

Coss

- 17thgot Church - Norman McLanghlin. Pharr

Frollo Brokeng-Pot de Kiair Bookin Blockbert

Pauline Conner - Ardre Long - Lonard Galhard

Trackles Hannah, A.C. Hill, Doney Hiner

Took Harrar - Kuth Laurence - Harra Skittlett

Hannah Milling - Maria Dill - Billy Explan

Cass

- Thormand Cooner, Harry B. Hill, Bortons
OBrien - Arietta Phillips.

Stony Bottom

- Florence Ella Bungardner - Alfred Corry

Cherry Grove

- Paul Houchin - William Sutten, Helen Houching Eli's Curry - Johnnie Sotten.

Cold RUN

- Rhoda Summer field

Draft

- Madge Landis

Durbin

- Mary Pezzoili - Hazel Forguson - Lucy Mayers.

Jackie Michael - George Hull - Dick McPherson
Mary Hipps - Kathleen Snyder - Vada Simmans
Luctlle Simmens - Sarah Belle Hughes - Braunda
Matheny - Mabel Banton - Mildred Patter Clyde Simmons - Jack Phillips - John Townsend
James taylor - Myrtle Simmons - Margaret
Habogast - Margie Shomate - Kathryn
Simmons : Bessie Beverage - Opal Foreman
Sylvia Lambert - Mary M. Rexrede - Dahlia
Simmons : Leonard Collins - Ned Gallenour
Earl Havehin - Rim. Shomale - Raymond Slavin
Hima Phillips.

Estron

Kradelph Regards - Faith Page Lee Carles - Jourita Carder. Green Hill

- Margie Wooddell - Oleta Woodd ell

Grimes

- Jacoba Carpenter - Emma Castley

Dunmare

- Mary Huster Melanghlin - Robert Works Marilee Campbell - Wallace Lightner Frederick Pritchard,

HosterMan

- Marguerite Bestic , Edna Rotliff . John Ratliff . Mary Davidson . Mabel Bestic Neale White , Irene Varner.

Lobelia

- Regina Armstrong - Lodge Walton Artie - Vaugham.

Marlinton

- John Hiner, Charles Humphreys. Albert
Morre Jr. Phyllis Sheets - Margaret Smith
V. rg. n. a Weiferd, James Nottingham James Beggs - Edward Wagner - Pat
Clendenen - Rhed Curry - Frank Hages
Dick Moure - Charles Mc Elwee - Tappan
Themas - Irone Barb - Lois Brill.
Natherine Bussard - Stella Jackson
Rachael Cong - Betsy kee - Margaret
Long - Jay Malcomb, Billy Moore Buston
hagner - Sam Brill, James kirkpatrick
Mary to Archalt - Margaret Smith - Datta

Minnehaha Springs - Grady Hereld - Molhern Waugh

Osk Grove . - Pally Matheny - Jonett Essell (still Standing)

Ruckman - Hogd McClore

Seebert - Betty Jo Maclood

Spruce Flat - Reeba Beverage

Top Alleghany - Storl Kramer

West Union - Norma Jane Kellison

Beaver Creck - Flossie Underwood-Enid Underwood

Buckeye - Dorothy tyree

Douthard's Creek - Josephine Buchanon

Green Bank - B. II Dilley - Junior Riley Margaret
Gum - Jeanne Consad - Ita Murphy

H: 11s boro - Coal Board - Goy Dalton - Kathleon
Mc Carty - Ronal Handrick, Billy
Miller, Emma Jo Hill, Soral McKarky

Hillsboro - Ruth Wells, Richard Klenk

Mt. Pleasant - Christine Dilley

Seneca Trait - Benny Maline

Spruce - Louise Sheets

Tea Creek - Wagne Hickman

Thorny Creek - Junior Dalley

Woodrow _ Ruth Mc Clore - Delvon Roberts

Hudson Hull was teaching at thorn wood

Hestoy Chopel School was located between Dunnara and Green Bont on Balford Creek where Don mores Home now standed.

Some teachers were

1930-31 Leave Here Storde Sumintedal Dearge Kere Leve 31-32 Kathleen Taylor 32- 33 33 - 34 34-3-5 35-36 Mc New Kerr E.S. Clatter 36-37 37-38 Hilda Lender 38-39 Roland P. Sharp 39-40 40-41 Grace Moore Sharp 41-42 Geordes 1th 8 Some who attended in 31-32 were Parent Austin - Ernest - Bonnie, Ruby Bum (sum June - Kaymond Galford Beatrice - Benefato - Marie - Bestrude-Den Dagoelland Stadys - Ethel - Bedford Raymond Taylor Cangle Crystal - merle Kelly

Elsie Kelley (Taylor) Ruth Wilfong (Elseler)
Elsie Kelley (Kelley) Zed Taylor (Taylor)
Billy Bornan (Taylor howan) Bernell-Loren - Jim Kelley (Engine) Robert - Frodsie Betty Elliott (5.4. Elliott) Berthel - Hildreth - Genera - neal Shots (Shets · iobert - Vennis Fitzgerald Elna Mann -There was a school between Thesty but chapel and Will Taylor' Frogesty but I don't know the date nor name.

Board of Education The Board of Education met for a regular meeting on November 8, 1976.

Leonard Howell presented the results of the school public opinion questionnaire to the Board. These results are given elsewhere in this issue of the paper. Mr. Howell indicated he represented only those who had worked on the questionnaire and thus could not make any recommendations to the Board from the Citizens Committee on how the Citizens Committee: feels the Board should now move in meeting the building needs of the County's schools.

The Board approved the request of June Colaw to transfer to the bus route previously held by Johnny Nelson and employed Mark Kane as a regular driver to take the route now driven by Mr. Colaw.

The request of Mrs. Mary Lynn Brock to transfer as custodian at the High School to a similar position at Marlinton was approved.

Mr. Louis Johnson was employed for the remainder of the school year as a custodian at the High School.

The Board approved the request from the High School to use a bus to take students of the Introduction to Vocations Class to the Charleston - Huntington area on December 2 and 3.

Also approved was a request from the Marlinton School to take 5 students to the Edray Fish Hatchery on November 23 by private

The Board approved the following requests for use of school facilities: - Marlinton PTA to use the gym for a cake walk on November 13

-The Observatory to use the Green Bank gym and dressing room on Wednesday evenings for basketball, November through March.

Pocahontas County Free Library to use the Hillsboro School library for a Board meeting on November 22

Boy Scouts to use the art room and gym at Green Bank for meetings on Tuesday evenings and the Marlinton gym for meetings on Wednesday evenings

Green Bank High School Class of 1942 to use the High School cafeteria for a class reunion on September

3, 1977;

4-H Leaders Association to use the Marlinton gym on November 20 for a square dance;

Louise Barnisky to use the Marlinton cafeteria on November 20 to feed the Shepherd College football team as they return from

Concord College.

The Board reviewed and approved the Treasurer's Reports for September and October, the Financial Reports for August and September, the October payroll the amount \$188,891.89, and the report on current investments of Board money. The anticipated interest from current investments is approximately \$6,690.

The next regular Board meeting is November 22 at 7:30 p.m.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

Published every Thursday except the last week of the year. Entered at the Post Office at Marlinton, West Virginia 24954, as ascond class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION CHARGES
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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 11, 1976

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

Varsity Football

PCHS 18 - Petersburg 6
Nov. 12, PCHS at Roosevelt - Wilson (Clarksburg)
Varsity Girls Basketball

PCHS 30 - Franklin 15 Richwood 55 - PCHS 35

Nov. 12 - PCHS at Greenbrier East

Nev, 16 - Circleville at PCHS

Nov. 17 - PCHS at Union, 7 Nov. 19 - PCHS at Tygarts Valley, 7 pm Career Guidance at Pocahontas County High School

In addition to the career guidance given to the students at Pocahontas County High School by the counselors at the school an effort is being made in two ways to involve the business and professional community of our county inhelping students learn about careers.

The first is to invitepeople in various businesses, professions, and craft areas to speak to the students at the High School on their career field. Only a small amount of time is involved and you might be the one who can spark a pupil to planning a successful career.

The second method of involving the business world in career guidance at the High School also tackles a major concern of the staff at the school-the fact that many students cannot find employment within the local area. The Guidance Department is making the effort to set up a job placement program at the High School. Any business person who has an opening-part-time, summer, or full-time for someone after graduation-is asked to let the High School have the details to make available to students. In return the school will provide factual information about any student a business is considering for employment.

If you are willing to help with either of these programs, please contact Lyla C. Howell or Charles E. Rexrode at PCHS, 799-8565

CHURCH NOTICES

REVIVAL | SERVICES

Bartow Baptist Chapel November 15 - 21 7 pm each evening

Evangelist: Floyd Tiddworth Everyone welcome Special Singing

November 14 7 p. m. The Singing Echoes Mt. Grove, Va.

REVIVAL SERVICES

There will be a Revival meeting at the Marvin Chapel Church starting Monday, Nov. 15, at 7:30 pm. Rev. Larry Albright of the Marlinton Methodist Church will be the Evan-The church is located 3 miles north of Hillsboro on Rts. 219 and 39.

Hillsboro Charge, United Methodist Church Preaching Schedule

First Sunday

Seebert	10 a. m.
Wesley Chapel	11 a. m.
Mount Zion	7 p. m.

Second Sunday Wesley Chapel 10 a. m.

Marvin Chapel 11 a. m. Third Sunday

Mount Zion 10 a, m. Wesley Chapel 11 a. m. Seebert 7 p. m. Marvin Chapel 11 a. m. Rev. Bowman will speak

Fourth Sunday

Marvin Chapel 9:45 a. m. Wesley Chanel 11 a. m.

SING

Singing at the Edray United Methodist Church on Sunday, Nov. 14, at 1:30 pm.i Everyone welcome.

Ministerial Association

The Pocahontan County Ministerial Association will meet on Monday, Nov. 15, at 10 am at the Presbyterfan Manse in Green Bank.

Bible Study

Tomlay, Nov. 16, at 7:30 m, 811 Ninth St. in Marlinton, ed by Dr. Eugene TenBrink.

Please note change of time.

Minnehaba Springs Methodist Charge Rev. Clyde Gum, Pastor Second Sunday

Frost - 10 am Huntersville - 11 am Upper Pocahontas Presbyterian Churches

Winter Schedule

Alexander Memorial - every Sunday:

Sunday School Worship Service 3 pm These times in effect until Spring or until a change is announced.

Baxter:

Sunday School 10:15 am Worship Service 11:15 am

Worship Service 10:15 am Sunday School 11 am

St. John's Episcopal Church Marlinton

Sunday, November 14 11 am - Service of Morning Worship.

Please note change of time.

Free Will Gospel Sing

The Free Will Gospel Sing will meet Sunday evening, Nov. 14, at 7:30 p. m., at the Fairview Church.

Everyone is welcome

Prayer Meeting

The Rev. Ralph Priddy will hold a Prayer Meeting at the home of Donald Curry in Durbin at 7 pm on Friday, Nov. Everyone welcome.

Stony Creek Presbyterian Church

There will be a Congregational Meeting at 10 am at the Stony Creek Presbyterian Church on Sunday, Nov. 14, for the election of Elders.

Preaching Mission

A Preaching Mission started at the Browns Creek Methodist Church on November 8 and will continue for two weeks, The Rev. Raymond Straight, of Jane Lew, is preaching.

An Explanation

By Annie L. Cromer
I thought my article in
the October 21 issue of the
Pocahontas Times was selfexplanatory but since a
"teacher-taxpayer" misconstrued it, I will clarify,

Far from wanting children of our day to be subjected to educational systems of my public school days. If I do think, it is fitting to teach them all people were not as fortunate as they, lest the time comes when they may be forced to go back to ways of a few years ago when living was not as easy as it is today.

Have you ever imagined what would happen if our Social Security and Welfare programs would end? If the funds of the Federal Government would run out for school lunches, etc. and oil and gas would be no more?

Now and always I have been for the best schools possible. For years, I have expressed disgust that the Durbin and Green Bank school buildings were not

being kept up.

. Few times I have clashed with the schools and very few. It would take pages for me to express my appreciation for the many good teachers that our children and I have had because I can think of something special about every one of them. There are many things, but I want to list just a few that I shall never forget: kindness from Swartz Hill and Jeanne, Gragg at the time of the most disgusting time of my life, when I had two girls in ors grade and was puzzled about getting enough books to go around, Marie Parg said, "It is necessary for each to have her own complete set of books, If you can buy one I will get the other." A minister said about a beautiful, kind and not sprice teather, ('Margaret Wilson means salvation to many children in the second grade.

I have toldrour children, l Prouble at school means trouble at bome. They knew I_meant that. I have always cooperated with the teachers in stressing attendance, school supplies and whatever was required. My oducational years are now. Every day I learn and seek to learn something new. Having gone from kindergarten through medical school with some of our children and paying a large county tax I believe I should be qualified to comment on educational procedures in the county. About teachers' salaries, I know nothing, neither have I found that interesting to me, but I imagine few would be on the job the second if they were not paid the first month. However, teachers are not the only ones that run the school system. I wonder how many of us ever told Russell Colaw how much we appreciated him as our Pack Mountain bus driver. For thirty-four years, I believe, he transported our children without a single accident. There are those on the job to have the buildings warm and clean and the cooks who prepare the meals. We just expect the road crews to have our road in good shape by school time. Many more.

Follow one child to school. He is picked up at his home to ride a heated bus. If he is not well clothed I don't know who is to blame. Clothing distribution centers are overflowing with good clothing for a dime or less. He is guarded across the road or street to and from school where he has time to work and play and eat a good meal. Books, classes, crafts, and sports are there. Take his choice. What else does any child deserve? Common sense tells us that school buildings should be safe and adequate. If teachers have to be reinforced some means should be used other than a crying child trying to do new math or to conjugale a verb at home.

Referring to "Letter," teachers, please do not invite me to listen and watch you for seven days and nights. If all you talked about was school and I couldn't say a word, we would both qualify for a straight-jacket.

About my age, I am looking forward to being

eighty. They say you are not responsible for any misdoing, it will be blamed on your age. I have a ways to go. If the writer is 58, I am not so many turns ahead that I can not look back and see her coming. If I happen to look so much older, I can only give the same reason as the little mouse as he looked up into the face of the huge elephant, "I been as big as you is but I been Shick."

Another thing, Mrs. Ialmost-said-her-name, made me feel like a president. At one time President Kennedy said, "I always have difficulty in understanding myself when I hear what I said from Mr. Nixon." Then, how I really appreciate the hundreds of people who call, write or comment on my writing to the paper. I am living a new life. Now that I have had only one to disagree I feel I have won by a bigger majority than Jimmy or Jav. Good Luck.

By Annie L. Cromer

JANE

ADD TO VOL. IV

145 Pendleton Drive Athens, Georgia 30601 August 14, 1976

Lt. Glen L. Vaughan 400 Melvin Avenue Annapolis, Maryland 21401

Dear Lt. Vaughan:

Your interest in early Pocahontas County, West Virginia, schools has come to my attention.

My great-great-grandparents were James Cooper (1780-1845) & wife Nancy Agnes Wooddell (1785-1861), who lived on Cooper Run near Green Bank. William T. Price, <u>Historical Sketches of Pocahontas County</u>, 1901, page 479, describes James Cooper as a "teacher of schools."

My cousin and good friend, Forrest Harold Wooddell of Green Bank, has in his Wooddell family papers an old piece of paper which reads:

Sundry due to James Cooper for teaching school:

	5	S	D
Thomas Coberly, Dn to Cash		1	10
S. Jacob Nottingham, Dn to Cash	0	2	0
James Nottingham, Dn to Cash	0	2	0
Stephen Dizard, Dn to Cash	0	12	0
John Suttain, Dn to Cash	0	12	0

Taken from the book--it Being a Ballance Due me from the Employers January the 16th, 1804.

James Cooper

This old statement confirms that James Cooper (1780-1845) was indeed a teacher and that Virginia Pounds, Shillings, and Pence were still currency in Green Bank as late as 1804.

I would certainly like to know whether that book survives and, if yes, who has it today. The Wooddell family does not.

James and Nancy had a son, James Harvey Cooper (1810-1881), my great-grand-father, who settled in Ritchie County and Gilmer County, where he was a farmer and teacher. We have an old tintype of James Harvey Cooper, and in the photograph he is holding a book! His son Charles S., grandson Homer E., and great-grandson Homer C. (myself) were educators.

James Harvey Cooper was married in 1836 to Julia Ann Whitman (1817-1903), who was reared by a Thomas Kerr. If you run across even one scrap of information about Julia Ann Whitman or Thomas Kerr, I would certainly appreciate it.

Hope the above is of interest!

Sincerely.

Home Cooper

Homer C. Cooper

Christmas Parade

The annual Christmas Parade will be the first weekend in December. All clubs and organizations are urged to start thinking about a float or carolers. As of this writing, plans are not completed. Watch for details in next week's paper.

P. C. H. S. ATHLETICS

Varsity Football

PCHS 14 - Roosevelt-Wilson 6

Varsity Girls Basketball

Greenbrier East 68 - PCHS 26 PCHS 26 - Circleville 23

Nov. 19 - PCHS at Tygarts Valley, 7 pm

Nov. 23, Webster County at PCHS, 7 pm

Nov. 24, PCHS at Petersburg, 1 pm

Ninth Grade Girls Basketball

Elkins 35 - PCHS 12 Elkins 25 - PCHS 5 Capitol Tree

The National Christmas Tree at the Capitol in Washington will come from Pocahontas County for the second time. A red spruce near Cranberry Glades has been chosen by the Capitol architect, Paul Pincus. It is 45 feet tall and 16 inches in diameter, Cranberry is in the Gauley District of Monongahela National Forest. A tree was selected several years ago from the Greenbrier District near the 4-H Camp at Thornwood.

The tree will be delivered to Washington by December 7. The lighting ceremony is December 15.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 18, 1978

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

WEATHER

This winter has started out as one that will be talked about. That Indian Summer we looked for didn't appear.

We started looking through the Old Farmer's Almanac the other night and this is what they have

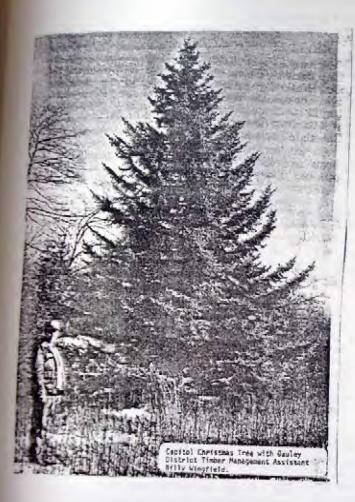
to say:

It would appear that the winter weather action will shift from the West to the East this year. The Northeast has enjoyed relatively mild winters for the last three years, but 1976-77 will be remembered east of the Mississippi and north of the Mason-Dixon line! February and March together should tax the heating systems and snow shovels of most residents in the Northeast. New England especially will be tested in February with extreme cold temperatures and snow-brimmed roads. Even the Middle Atlantic states will be cold and snowy from Groundhog-Day through the first day of Spring. . .

Then the forecast for the Greater Ohio Valley . . .

After a cold and snowy November, a mild December and January will help out. Then a very cold February and March are predicted. A dry spring and a very hot summer are expected with less than normal rain in July and September. The warm weather is expected to conticue into October.

We shall see . . .



Capitel Caristmas Tree
The Capitel Christmas
Tree serving our Bicentennial year, 1976, will come
from the mountains of West
Virginia on the Gauley Ranger District of the Monongahela National Forest.

The tree selected is a 41 foot 40 year old native red spruce growing at an elevation of 3,475 feet near the Cranberry Glades.

The selected tree was located by Billy Wingfield. Timber Management Assistant of the Gauley Ranger District, and has received high endorsement of all those who have viewed the tree, including Paul Pincus from the Capitol Architect's Office.

Plans are set to cut the tree on December 2nd with proper ceremonies at the site with formal displays and additional ceremonies in the town of Richwood, on December 3 and 4. Transportation for the tree will be provided by the Richmond Cartage Co. to Richwood with transportation to the U.S. Capitol on December 5 provided by Wilson Freight.

The tree must be in Washington, D.C. no later than December 9th to allow enough time for pruning, manicuring, and decorating prior to the December 15th lighting ceremony.

This tree should not be confused with the White House Tree which is a living tree. After the tree has served the Nation's Capitol it will be placed in eternal rest as it will be ground into mulch for use on flower and shrub beds around the capitol grounds.

Two red spruce seedlings will be planted on the Gauley Ranger District of the Monongahela National Forest to replace this special tree from where it came.

Evening Capital

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U.S. Christmas tree headed for fireplace

WASHINGTON (AP) - A 44-foot Colorado blue spruce that has been the national Christmas tree is dving, and this season will be its last.

"It will be next year's Yule Log," said National Park Service ranger George Berklacy on Tuesday as workmen used a crame to adorn the 45-year-old tree.

The tree was transplanted in 1973 from Stickshimy, Pa., to the Ellipse in front of the White House to serve as the first permanent Christmas tree. Previously, cut trees were used for the Pageant of Prace such Christmas.

The tree's top branches remain a lush green and it has grown four feet in its three years here, but the lower and interior bruttches are dead.

In fact, the Park Service has spruced up the lower half with branches from a 25-foot time spruce donated by a man in nearby his or horing, Md. The cuttings are wired 100 to the tree.

Berklacy said the tree suffered root damage, apparently from an inability to cope with Washington's hot, damp, lowland climate.

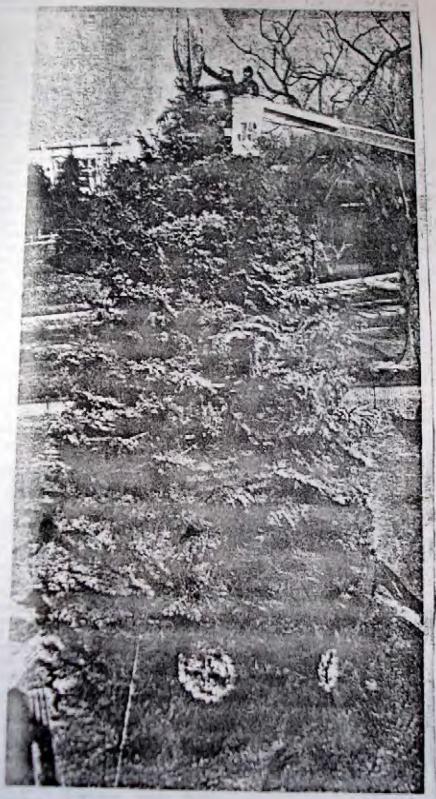
The Park Service plans to replace it with a new permanent tree next October, "but this time we will try to locate one in Virginia or Maryland and one from roughly the same elevation," Berklacy

For its finale, the tree will be decorated with 3,000 red bulbs and 57 ornaments. The lights will be turned on by President Ford when he opens the pageant Dec. 16.

As usual, reindeer from the National Zoo will roam in an enclosure and a Yule log will burn in a fire pit to ward off the chill of winter nights in Washington.

It is in this pit, Berklacy said, that the tree will be burned next Christmas.

"It's an absolutely magnificent tree," said Berklacy. "It's a damned shame it couldn't make it."



LAST TIME AROUND — The Colorado blue spruce that in 1973 became the nation's first "permanent" Christmas tree is decorated by workmen near the White House yesterday in preparation for illumination Dec. 16. Because the lower branches of the th-first tree are dying, workmen have "spruced" it up by wiring on branches from another tree. This Christmas will be the tree's last.

PCHS Football Pocahontas County 14, Clarksburg R.W. 6.

Pecahontas fumbled on the first play from scrimmage and gave RW the ball on the 20 yard line, RW went in to score but PCHS bounced right back on a Rick Doyle touchdown then went ahead to stay on Ronnie Sharp's extra point.

The Warriors scored again in the second quarter on Mark Waslo's touchdown and again Ronnie Sharp's point was good.

Pocahontas defense shut out RW for three quarters keeping the presidents outside the 35 yard line. The defense was led by Rick Dovie, Mark Kinder, Richard Oref, Wayne Cassell, Melvin Ricottilli, Fred Tibbs and Tom Barnisky.

The Warriors closed out their season in the cold weather with a 5 and 5 record.

Last week PCHS beat Petersburg 21-6. Touchdowns were scored by Rick Doyle, Mark Waslo, and Fred Tibbs.

The Warriors played well all season. The schedule was tough the first five games. We feel like we were in every ball game, losing twice by one point. The early loss of quarterback Tom Valencia slowed the Warriors for a while but Mark Waslo came on strong by mid season.

PCHS has a young ball team sporting 16 Sophomores and 11 Juniors out of the 27 returning next year. There will be 22 lettermen. The Sophomore group is the first class to attend PCHS that had the opportusay to play 7th and 8th grade football.

We would like to recogsize once again the five senior athletes who gave 100 per cent this season basing ground gainer and source, Albert Ponderter, Kitz Doyle, leading defenaive player who averaged 14 theater a game from fells line backer, fred s, with played well at to bucker and fullback;

at right guard; Lewis-Fromhart, quick man on kicking team, and John Dilley, who gave 100 per cent every day.

Juniors were: Mark Waslo, QB; David L. Cassell, Tight End; Eddie Beverage LB; Melvin Ricottilli, MG; Robert Myers, G: Richard Faulknier, DE; Tom Bar- closed for the season but nisky T; Tony Wiley T; Girls Basketball is now Mark Gum E; William Dil- going on and Boys Basketley E HB ...

Sophomores-Richard Pondexter, Mike Williams, children at PCHS. Ronnie Sharp, Tim Galford, Mark Kinder, Conrad ing will be December 1, Smith, Glenn Arbogast, 1978, at 7:30 at Pocahontas Craig Doss, Grant Galford, County High School. Greg Rose, Bruce Johnson, Phillip Hill.

The Team and Coaching Staff would like to thank the Boosters Club for the support and meals they provided this season.

Thanks to Mrs. McGee and the cheerleaders for a job well done.

Marlinton Junior High

The Marlinton Junior High Copperheads ended their football season, Saturday, Nov. 6, at Green Bank by beating the Eagles, 20-15. This was the sixth win of the season for the Copperheads without a defeat. They had one tie game with Hillsboro.

Leading the Copperheads to victory was Mike Doss who scored two touchdowns and one extra point. Brett Withers scored the other touchdown for the Copperheads. Doss scored on runs of 55 and 10 yards, and Withers scored on a 4 yard run.

The defense again played an outstanding game. Leading the defense were Rick McCarty, John Barton, Donny Rose, Jess Heavener and Ricky Mayse.

This was the last game of the season and the players and coaches want to thank all the people for comingout and supporting our team and athletic program,

PCHS Athletic Boosters

The PCHS Athletic Boosters feel the Parents Night was a successful event and thank the parents for coming and being a part of us. Many people have helped this year and it is appreciated.

Football season has ball is getting underway.

We hope the people of Oref, Wayne Cassell, Mike Pocahontas County will Ryder, Rick Irvine, Keith continue to support our

The next Boosters Meet-



Bad luck struck this Senior Warrior in his first game between PCHS and Union. But Tom didn't let his interest die. He stood on the sidelines rooting for the Warriors every game.

Tom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Geronimo Valencia, of Green Bank. He belongs to the Letterman's Club of which he is vice president. He is also a class officer.

Fas Chek, of Marlinton, sponsors Tom and wishes him a complete recovery.

> Mike Buzzard, who average ed : 40 yards per punt; Ronnie VanReenen, first team center who anchored the Warrior line; Ronnie Mullens, aggressive blocker

Board of Education

The Pocahontas County Board of Education met for a regular meeting on November 22.

The Board met with interested citizens and received from the special committee on the school public opinion poll a report based on these questionnaires. This report emphasized the categories which the committee felt to be the primary concerns of the public and contained recommendations in several areas. A copy of this report is to be found elsewhere in this issue of the paper. A long dialogue ensued between the members of the Board and the members of the public present on the report and other topics related to the County's. schools.

The Board approved for each of the elementary schools a list of drivers to be used for all extra curricular trips for the remainder of the 76-77 school term.

Approval was given to the personnel for the Volunteer Aides Program at a Green Bank Elementary program. This program involves people from the community who are willing to donate an hour of their time each week to help with slow learners in the lower grades and has been in effect for the past two years.

Approval was given for the Marlinton gym to be used every Monday night through March for an adult barketball league.

The request from the high school for eight students to be taken by private whicle to visit Fairmont Business College and Fairmont State College on November 23 was approved

The next regular Board meeting will be on December 15. The Board will meet for dinner as guests of the Marlinton School Cafeteria with their wives and the principals and wives with the business meeting to follow.

Public Opinion Poll
What the Public Opinion
Poll Said—A Report from
the Committee to the Pocahontast County Board of
Education.

After thorough evaluation of the results of the school public opinion poll, this committee has prepared a report on the categories which seem to be the primary concerns of the people. We have outlined and made recommendations in several areas which are pertinent to the future of Pocahontas County's educational system.

BOND ISSUE

Concern about the increase in property taxes was one of the main reasons for the defeat of the last bond issue. In addition, there is a strong feeling that non-property owners are not paying their share of the tax burden.

It is quite evident from the poll that a new bond issue should not be attempted before the present bond is retired.

BUILDING PROGRAM

Since a large number of responders favor the renovation of existing buildings that are structurally sound, we recommend that you conduct a detailed cost analysis for repairing each school. This should be done by people independent of the present architect, preferably with qualified local people whenever possible. The results of this study should be published in the local paper along with comparable figures for new buildings.

There were several suggestions in the poll comments for two new schools; one for the Marlinton-Hillsboro area and one for the Green Bank-Durbin area. Perhaps this plan merits consideration as a possible way of cutting costs.

BUILDING MAINTE-

NANCE

Inadequate building maintenance in the past was listed as one of the prime reasons for the defeat of the last bond issue.

We strongly urge you to give top priority to a good maintenance plan, both for existing buildings and any new ones, as soon as possible. Building maintenance should have the highest priority on the budget, not the lowest.

Dear Mrs. Cromer, The Times came today.

That sentence doesn't indicate any earth shattering news. But one article in the Times by "Name with-held by request" which was critical of your observations did prompt me to write to you. I've intended many times to write to tell you how much I enjoy your articles, especially your write-ups of the 'over 80 crowd.' Don't let the comments of one "writer; parent, teacher, foster parent and grandmother discourage you from submitting more contributions tothe Times.

I am also a product of a one room school in Pocahontas County. The encouragement that I received from my parents and teachers propelled me into the teaching field for fifteen years. My philosophy of home work is much the same as yours. At Open House PTA meetings at the beginning of each school year, I explained to parents that homework meant working at home. Examples of home work were washing dishes, cutting grass, raking leaves, and responsible jobs the child was capable of doing. Of course I stressed the importance of encouraging the student to pursue any extension of school work voluntarily done by the child, especially reading for pleasure. Most assigned "homework" is handed in and never looked at by the teacher. I know some fellow teachers who kept elaborsie records of "Home work handed in" but never knew what was handed in as the work was never checked. The student received grades for home work too. How ridiculous!

I just wanted you to know that some people agree with your intelligent observations that are based on the same foundation as our country—WORK. Too many people expect the "pie in the sky" to be handed to them.

The paragraph that you wrote about Mark showed how sensitive you are to children's needs. Three years ago tomorrow, Mark gave up looking for his

place as you so aptly put it. I only met Mark one time and we had a two to three hour talk. He had only praise for the Cromers, I recall he told with much interest about learning the history of the logging era from Mr. Cromer when they dug up utensils, etc. where the Italian camp had been. Whatever the articles were, I can't recall now, they were not taken when he left as he was still considering your homehis home.

I hope to continue to enjoy your common sense contributions to the Times. Hubert H. Taylor

Green Bank Receives Federal Property

Green Bank has received through two Quickclaim Deeds the transfer of ejeven acres of federal property for community use. The announcement was made by Gorham L. Black, Jr., Regional Director Office of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), Region III.

The two parcels of land, formerly part of the site of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory, measure 9.5 acres and 1.5 acres, respectively. According to Dr. E. Louise Weig-man, Director of HEW's Re-gion III Division of Federal Property Assistance, the larg-er parcel of land, adjacent to the Green Bank Elementary School (serving 341 students in grades One through Eight) will become a preserve for nature study and recreation, and will permit a more realistic compliance with West Virginia's requirement for minimum school sites. The smaller, 1.5 acres, provides the site for the new, 3,000 volume, Pocahontas County Free Library. Funds for its construction were derived from a grant of \$22,900, along with \$14,000 for library supplies and operating expenses, from the West Virginia Library Commission. Additional funds of \$2,000 were appropriated by Green Bank with another \$3500 coming from private donation sources. The library will serve an estimated 2000 persons.

Region III, HEW, is comprised of the states of Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, West Virginia, and the District of Columbia.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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EUESCRIFTION CHARGES
In Pocaboetas County 34:50 a year
Elvewhere 35:50 a year. In advance.

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, NOV. 25, 1976

Pioneer Days-July 8-10, '77

Project for Marking Early Cabin Sites Approved!

The Pocahontas County Historical Society's project to locate, mark, and record the sites of the early pioneer cabins in Pocahontas County has been approved by Governor Moore for \$1300 in financial assistance from the W. Va. American Révolution Bicentennial Commission.

Work is underway: in locating the cabin sites of the settlers living in what is now Pocahontas County during the Revolutionary War period. To date 23 sites have been agreed upon as being the location of pioneer homes. Also included in the project is the sites of the forts used by the early settlers for protection against the Indians.

The project provides for marking the actual cabin or fort site with a bronze plaque or a metal stake with the permission of current land owners. The individualized bronze markers will be paid for by the descendants of the pioneers. Six families have agreed to pay for markers to date. This financial support will help provide the matching funds necessary to obtain the WVARBC grant.

The WVARBC funds will be mainly used to purchase uniform metal highway signs to be placed on the public road nearest to each cabin location. These signs will give the ploteer's name, the date of the cabin and will identify this project as one officially approved by the WVARBC.

A formal public document will be prepared and placed with the County records at the Courthouse. This document will contain for each pioneer the year he arrived and a description of his home site.

Larry Jarvinen has accepted the chairmanship of the Society's committee to complete this project. The other committee members are Katherine Beard, Jessie B. Powell, Harold Crist, Forrest Wooddell, Johnnie B. Hill, James Wooddell, Moody Moore, Grady Moore, Alfred McNeel, Sam Hill, and Bill McNeel,

A number of cabin sites are yet undetermined. The public is asked to furnish additional information to any committee member as soon as possible since the highway markers are to be ordered by mid-January. The bronze markers should also be ordered as soon as possible and the committee needs to know if additional families desire to have one placed on the cabin site of their Pocahontas County ancestor.

Sam Hill Hillsboro, w. Va. Pear Mr. Hill:-

Regarding your articles in the Pocahontas Vof June 10th. and November 25th. of 1976 as to home sites of men who served in the service during the Revolutionary war I have the following to report.

My Great-Great Great Grandfather, James Waugh who served three years according to Chaukleys History of Augusta County Virginia. Wounded at Chadds Run - better known as the Battle of Brandy wine - the Virginia troops of the Line under the command of Marouis de Lafayette who was also wounded. All the Colonial troops being under the command of Gen. Washington. Although they lost the battle Col. Lafayette was promoted to Major General.

Returning to James Waugh, his plantation was located along a strip of land on the East side of the Greenbrier river about three miles below Major Jacob Waricks Fort at Clover Lick according to the autobiography of Lorenzo Waugh his grandson. Two copies of his book is in the P.C.H.S. Library. When the river had washed away most of the good fields his family (Four children- 2 boys and 2 girls) was over the mountain and settled at Dilleys Mill. Some of Lorenzo's rothers and cousins settled at Bethel in the Hill country. James 2nd. Manuel (My Line). were on the first county court of Pocahontas bety. I believe the best place for James Waugh's marker would be clover Lick. I remain

Glen L. Vaughan

December 6,1976

Thank ou for your letter of december 1 with incornation regarding the first James augh. e include this in the final plans for the erection of theres. This should be completed early next year. I have some information that may not be new

but I will pass it along nevertheless. On Harch 30,1962 a committee consisting of ontgromery, Mickline, Johnson and will were plans for the development of the recently acquired erty of the Buckskin Council, Boy Scouts of America, at eys Mill. We entered the riverfront property from porest by walking about one mile. from the boundary. s advised this was the site of the old Rush Place erly the James Jaugh farm. There is a small graveyard t 100 yards NW of the river. There was a sulphur spring run on the left(north) on the right was a former age or cache for the lumber company while the land being timbered early this century. The site of the er farm house was apparent. The direction to the farm "from the Brown's Creek road follow the old Mill path he Low Place, then to apple Fen to low place, cross h to hickory Flat, follow old tran road down Incline ow to the old farm house.

The one grave stone that I could makeout said:

Born 3-19-1831

Died age 42 yr.-11m.0 19 d.- 1873

That this would be of interest.

Cordially,

THIS WAS JAMES III, FATHER'S SECOND WIFE HANNAH LAMB, HIS FATHER AND UNCLE SAMUEL (MY LINE)

James Waugh, 1st. and hig wife Mary were the parents of four children.

James Waugh 2nd. the oldest sen, Samuel

James Waugh 2nd. the oldest sen, Samuel

James waugh McCarty's second wife.

James Waugh 2nd. was married to Resect of James birth, but he died in

James Waugh 2nd. was married to Resecta McGuire, they were the parents

of the present time. Their names are:

Rachel

Rachel Elizabeth Nancy James 3rd. Jacob Morgan
Allen
Isabella
Marcus
Lorenzo. 3 ad. child Alled Dan

About the life of James Waugh 2nd. have uncovered the following.

We lived on the Greenbrier river and evidently had a smaller farm in the
smills, the land along the river must have been part of his fathers land
and he called this The Plantation. His will was probated in Augusta count
court in 1831, in which he provides; "That land be sold and the proceeds
used to educate his children." Another clause in his will was, "I desire
that my rifle gun be kept for the entire use of my plantation."

He was a member of the first court to sit in Pocahontas county and his presence at the August term of court in 1822 bears this out. He was a close neighbor and friend of Major Jacob Warwick, of Clover Lick. It was on the evidence of James Waugh and P. Bruffey who appeared in court that a section of Jacob Warwick's will was carried out freeing his fixous servant Ben. Warwicks will was dated March 7, 1818.

the 1800 the records show about 150 families living in Pocahontas ...

THE CHILDREN OF JAMES 2nd.

Limit was married to Frederick Fleming.

Hizabeth was married to John Ratliffe and lived on Clover Creek.

incy married Abraham Griffin and lived on Buckley Mountain, she had a bester who married Claiborne McNeil, and lived near Buckeye.

be married Mary Brown, daughter of Josiah Brown of Indian Draft, and to Upshur county. He was the father of fifteen children, only five to be grown. Jacob was a fine pensman and became clerk of the County Court, occuping that position for many years. Jacob Waugh's children were, four boys, Brown, Enoch, Homer and John William. and the Leah who was the third wife of Dr. Pleasant Smith of Edray. Mary Brown was born April 13, 1812.

Wough 3rd, married Sally, the oldest daughter of John Cochran, and the Greenbrier at the old homestead. His second wife was Hannah from Highland county. Details of James Waugh will be found in

was the grandfather of Judge Waugh of Unshun Com-

ony riders' precision out to tournament test

TAINE WAGNER

surgarets Poor Clubmesway with victorymeal-competition and will send two accompetes in the moments next week in

said coach Brian er cut off the games are mobody could

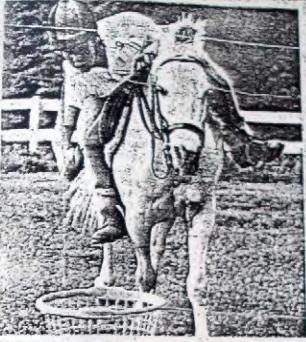
to pothing new for the juniors, aged 9 in are going to the to the third year, as second time for the man who are aged 13

Davidson, 15, will be inters from the United competing in the innal pony meet in in August, She is the of Mr. and Mrs. L. Davidson of St.

far and the team from
the which beat them in
the year, will be there
"an we have a good
this year," said coach
"our precision is a
this daughter, Dawn
the juniors.

a let more to being a rider than just riding competition begins at a the 45 members of the lay for places on the Day study books on

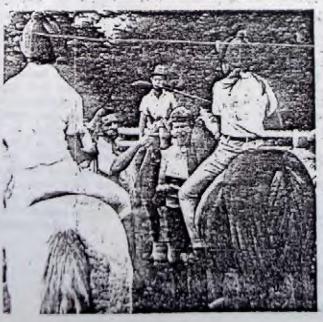
A VAUGHAN



ROBIN ZEYHER sinks a basket from the back of her galleping pony, Pandora, during practice for relay races.

horses and first aid, and are judged in stable management, tack care and grooming — all of which are part of the judging at tournaments."

"The horse comes first," said :. Ruth Grill of Arnold. over the time left "In the riders take-



care of themselves. Her daughter, Jane, is on the sector team.

"It's hard work" sighed Jane, "we don't really mind but-Oh that tack cleaning!"

Called, a Gymkhana, the tournament includes 15 relay races with variations involving feats of balance and skill as well as speed.

Donald Ruths of Pasadena is the only boy who made the teams. Asked if he watched the equestrian events of the olympics where Mike Plumb of Maryland won a silver medal. Donald smiled broadly and said, "Yeah, I'd like to be up there."

When is a pony not a pony?
When it measures 14 hands a hand equals four inches) and three inches or more. Chocolate Chip Ice Cream, ridden by Laurie Bell, a senior team member from Davidsonville, is the largest pony on the teams measuring 14.1 hands. The smallest is Pandora, who measures 11.2 and is ridden by Robin Zeyher of Annapolis on the junior team.

Other members of the teams are Carin Pittinger of Bay Hills and Tammy Zeyher of Annapolis, seniors; Linda Ratchford of Arnold, Denise Ruths of Pasadena and Robyn Wintz of Bay Hills, juniors.

If confidence can do it, they'll bring home a title this year. "Did you hear we're going to win the national?" called out Donald Ruths Sr. father of two riders, "The kids fool around a lot out here, but when it's time they really work as a team." The riders grinned and nodded in agreement.

Photos by Norm Goldberg

School Plans

The results of the recent school opinion poll showed several hundred persons to be more interested in repairing the present school buildings than in building new ones.

The committee reviewing the poll therefore thought more consideration should be given to repair and the estimated costs given a closer look.

There was not much time with holidays, deer season, etc., but Saturday a group of Pocahontas carpenters, electricians and the like went over the Green Bank school building. In this group were James Carpenter, Zane Taylor, June Riley, Bernard Shears, Alfred Collins, Lennia Howell, Kerth Friel, and Bill delGiudice.

On Monday night everyone interested in schools was invited to the High School to hear reports on school repair.

About 35 persons attended, but they were really interested and found some answers to their questions.

The estimates made by the architects to correct the major fire and safety defects found by the fire marshal were reported and the figures are as follows:

In the estimates, costs are figured at \$5.50 per square foot for electrical work (to include fire alarm systems), 50c per square foot to refinish interior walls and ceiling to required fire resistance standards, \$56 for an interior fire resistant door, \$100 for an exterior door, and \$350 to convert windows for use as emergency exits.

HILLSBORO

Gym (5, 494 sq. ft.)

Electrical work \$30,217 Refinishing 3250 sq. ft 1625 Six interior doors 336 Three exterior doors 300 Total 32,478

Cafeteria (3880 sq. ft.)
Electrical work 821,230
Refinishing 4520 sq ft 2,280
Eight interior doors 448
23,938

Elementary Building
(11,748 sq. ft.)
Electrical work 384,614
Refinishing
10,746 sq. ft. 5,370
Four exterior doors 400
21 interior doors 1,176
7 window conversions 2,450
2 fire escape towers 50,000

124,010

High School Building (12,660 sq. ft.)

Electrical work \$69,630

Refinishing 21,300 sq. ft. 10,650
28 interior doors 1,568
4 exterior doors 400

10 window convers.

Two new stairs 30,000 125,742 Total for Hillsboro \$306,180

3,500

GREEN BANK Main Building (30,878 sq. ft.)

Electrical work \$169,829 Refinishing 99,458 sq. ft. 49.729 50 interior doors 2,800 3 exterior doors 300 18 window conversions 6,300 1 fire escape tower 25,000 1 fire stair 15,000 New stairway 25,000

293,958
Careteria (7527 sq. ft.)
Electrical work 41,398
Refinishing 11,280 sq. ft. 5,640
14 interior doors 784
3 exterior doors 300
48,122

Total Green Bank \$343,078

MARLINTON Gym Building (31,510 aq. ft.)

Electrical work \$173,305 Refinishing 35,950 aq. ft. 17,975 20 interior doors 1,120 5 window convers. 1.7502 fire escape towers 50,000 244,150

Cafeteria/Special Education Building (30,400 sq.ft.) Electrical work 3167,200 Refinishing

31,000 sq. ft.. 15,500 17 interior doors 952 183,652

\$427,802 Total Marlinton Note: If the second floor: of the Cafeteria/Special

Education building is used for classrooms, then a fire escape tower will be needed, adding \$25,000 to the Marlinton costs.

DURBIN

Main Building (18,447 sq. ft.) Electrical work \$101,459 Refinishing 42,955 sq. ft. 21,477 56 interior doors 3,136 5 exterior doors 500 12 window convers. 4,200 New exit 500 2 fire stairs 30,000 Total Durbin \$161,273

Total County \$1,238,327

Some figures were considered to be a little low and some a little high but none clear out of the ball park.

James Carpenter spoke for the group which had looked over the Green Bank school. They found the buildings needed many things done that were not included in the fire safety oriented plan. The bricks need sandblasting and repointing (some bricks could be easily pulled out), the side walls bulge some, there are no subfloors in some rooms, there are openings which would provide flue-like drafts from busement through walls to second floor and to outside, the road is of wooden con-

struction which shook under the weight of one man, and some floors are definitely sagging. After the repairs it would still be an old building with many more needs. The inspection group agreed that it would not be economical to spend the money necessary on the old buildings.

Batatatatatatan

They did not have time to go over the buildings in the

southern part of the County but they felt they knew enough about them to have the same opinion.

The Board of Education was present. They felt they had the options of trying the bond issue again, which the school opinion poll showed would be useless; repair the existing schools, which these local buildings and the architect agreed now was not practical; do nothing, which they felt was not a responsible decision; or move in a new direction. They had been discussing different possibilities the past month or so and had come up with the idea of building part of the classrooms now and completing the job after the present high school bond is paid off in 1980.

This plan would use the \$1,200,000 available from the State. With local labor, high school vocational classes and school maintenance personnel, the following could be built, not all at one time but within eighteen months:

Seven new class rooms at Hillsboro for kindergarten through fifth grade.

Fifteen new class rooms at Marlinton and possibly expand cafeteria space.

Ten new class rooms at Green Bank, to house grades one through five. bring Durbin students to Green Bank.

Sewage and heating facilities installed would be sufficient for new facilities: for the upper grades completed at a later time.

These plans would satisfy the fire marshal by getting students out of the most unsafe places and show that we are making progress toward providing safe school surroundings.

The Board members stated their support of this plan.

Almost everyone attending agreed to serve as a citizens committee and Leonard Howell was elected chairman.

By unanimous consent, it was voted to give support to the Board of Education to go to the State Board of Education and ask for the \$1,200,000 for this plan to build the three new units of class rooms now and to ask the people of the County to vote money later to complete the system with new class rooms for grades 6, 7, and 8, and gymnasium and library space.

The Board feels that in the completed plan the. existing old high school building at Marlinton will have to be demolished and a new gymnasium with all-purpose space con-

structed.

Only rough preliminary plans have been made of proposed units and actual floor plans will be made only after the State Board of Education gives the goahead signal. Opportunity will be given to the public to see and comment on these.

NOT THE SEC THE SEC

St. Nicholas Day

The third annual St. Nicholas Day Celebration will be held this weekend, December 4 - 6, at the Pearl S. Buck Birthplace in Hillsboro.

The actual observance of St. Nicholas Day, December 5, which today is primarily limited to the old world, will draw attention to the old style traditions and customs of the maternal ancestors of Pearl Buck, the Stultings.

The Stulting Place will take on a Dutch flavor in Christmas decorations, food and drinks, with the assistance of the Marlinton Woman's Club. Also, just recently word was received from the North Pole that Santa Claus will depart from his busy schedule to pay respects to his forebears. The Hillsboro Kindergarten classes' behavior has warranted this visit and will meet Santa Monday.

In addition, Mona Dee Vance will provide further entertainment with a puppet show. The public is warmly invited to visit the "Stulting Place" and begin the sharing of the spirit of Christmas.

The Birthplace is open 9 to 5 Monday through Saturday and 1 to 5 on Sunday.

Christmas Parade

The annual Christmas Parade sponsored by the Marlinton Jaycees, Lions and Rotary Clubs, will be held Saturday. December 4, 1976. The Parade will start at Marlinton Elementary School promptly at 2 p. m. We urge all clubs, merchants, and the public to participate. Entries should be in front of the Elementary School by 1:30 p. m. for line-up. Trophies or money will be given in the following classes: club, floats, merchant floats, carolers.

Included in the parade will be the bands from Pocahontas County High School and Hillsboro, Marlinton, Green Bank, and Durbin Elementary Schools.

Immediately after the Parade, at the side of the First National Bank porch, children will receive a treat from Santa. Also, there will be a drawing for gift certificates from merchants and businesses.

Letter

· I was just reading a little of Mrs. Levie Hannah's writing about her life story. Those things bring back to me my younger days when I was on the farm. She spoke of going down and standing where the cows had slept to warm her feet. We boys went barefooted until school time, so there would be a good frost on and I would go after the cows and they would be lying down and I would run them up and stand in their beds to warm/my_feet. A lot of the things she spoke of.

I used to help my mother with the work in the house and in the garden. On wash days I would help to wash our clothes on a wash board. I was jack-of-alltrades on the farm. I would help my Mom and my Grandma to card wool and spin yarn until ten o'clock at night to knit our school socks, gloves and toboggans. It was a wonderful time for us older folks, I could write a book and then not get started from the time I was four years old. You know I was a poor old farmer boy and came up the hard way. My father died when I was four years old and we moved from Doddridge County to Pocahontas, so I knew just about all of the Hannahs in Pocahontas-John Hannah, at Green Bank Store, Joe Hannah, of Cass, Ira Hannah, Boud Hannah, Layton Hannah, but I just don't remember this lady, she is two years older than I. I would just like to hear from some of those old folks, as I always loved old folks.

An Ever, Mr. Sutton Mr. Sutton's address is: F. M. Sutton, 22-31st St. EST, Naro, W. Va. 25143

Memories Fond memories of growing up in our wonderful town. There was a young man whom I will never forget. He was none other than Garland McFerrin. When his father and brother Herman came into town in the morning to open the Bank of Marlinton they always brought Garland. They would leave him sitting in front of the Bank in his wheelchair. By the time the Bank closed for the day-Garland would have been on every corner in town. He would motion with his hand as to where he wanted to go, whether it

holt's Mens Shop. I am sure a lot of people such as the Richardson boys, John Hayslett, Clarence Smith, Jim McGraw and many more have fond memories of wheeling Garland all over town.

be in front of Richardsons

Hardware or Paul Over-

By the end of the day-Garland would always end up in front of Harry Sharp's News Stand. At the ripe old age of sixteen, I was considered the best "Sodajerk" in town, ha! ha! The last thing that Garland would have every day was a big milkshake. Then I: would wheel him over to the bank for his return home with his father and brother Herman.

It was the fine people of our community and all of Pocahontas County, that gave Garland many, many happy days. In return Garland always made our days; more pleasant.

Tony and Mildred Colson

Museum The Historical Society has received copies of the Marlinton High School yearbooks from 1922, 1926, 1927, 1931; 1933, 1939, and 1946, from Marlinton Elementary School. Mr. George Alt arranged to have these yearbooks transferred to the Society and they will be placed in the library at the County Historical Museum.

POCAHONTAS TIMES

(Page 2)

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BUBSCRIPTION CHARGES

In Pocahontas County \$4.50 a year. Elsewhere \$5.50 a year. In advance.

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, DEC. 9, 1976

Christmas

The Poage Lane Church will hold their Christmas program on Sunday, Dec. 19, at 7:80 pm. Everyone welcome,



The Christmas program at Mary's Chapel will be held on-Christmas Eye at 7:30 pm.



The Edray Youth Group will be presenting their Christmas play at the churches of the Edray Charge on the following schedule:

Edray - Monday, Dec 20 -7:30 pm

Slatyfork - Tuesday, Dec. 21

- 7:30 pm

Swago - Wednesday, Dec. 22 - 7:30 pm

White Chapel - Thursday, Dec. 23 - 7:30 pm



The Church of God on Beard Heights will present a Christmas play, "No Pillow For His Head," on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7:30 pm. Everyone welcome.



The Christmas program at Marvin Chapel will be Thursday, Dec. 23, at 7:30 pm. All are welcome.



There will be a Christmas play at the Mace Methodist Church on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7 pm. Everyone wel-



The Edray Methodist Church will have a short Christman program on Sunday. Dec. 12, at 11 am. Everyone welcome.



There will be a Christmas carol singing service at the Marlinton Presbyterian Church on Sunday, Dec. 12, at 7:30 p. m. Everyone invited.



At 5 pm on Sunday, Dec. 19, the Marinton Presbyterian Church will present its annual Joy Gift Pageant, this year entitled, "Keeping Christmas Today." Everyone welcome.



The Buckeye Presbyterian Church will have its Christmas program on Wednesday, Dec. 22, at 7:30 pm. Everybody is welcome.



The Mt. Zion Extension Homemakers will present a short Christmas program on Monday, Dec. 13, at 7:30 pm at the Browns Creek Church. The public is invited and there will be a treat for the children.

All Club members bring secret sister's gift.



The New Hope Church of the Brethren will have a special Christmas worship service on Thursday, Dec. 16, at 7:30 pm. The youth will present two short plays. Everyone is welcome.



The Kerr Chapel Brethren Church will have its Christmas program on Tuesday, Dec. 21, at 7:30 pm. All welcome. Pioneer Food Recipes

These are some Pioneer food recipes gathered for Miss Shultz's Marlinton Third Grade Colonial Days: Food

Ash cake—Corn bread wrapped in cabbage leaves and baked in ashes.

Corn dodger - Corn meal and lard baked in lumps.

Hasty pudding—Corn meal mush; often esten with milk or gravy or sweetened with maple sugar, honey, or molasses and used for a dessert.

Fried mush—cold hasty pudding, sliced and fried in a skillet.

Hoe cake—Cornbread baked on the blade of a hoe. The hoe was taken off the handle, cleaned and set in the coals.

Johnny cake—Usually made of corn meal, salt boiling water, and milk. Some people added wheat flour if they had it; others added sugar or eggs. It was baked in an oven over the fireplace or in an iron pot with a cover or on a board in front of the fire.

Cook some for yourself
Hasty Pudding
3 cups of water
1/2 teaspoon of salt
1/2 cup of cornmeal

Put the water and salt in a saucepan. Bring to a boil. Sprinkle the cornmeal into the boiling water a little at a time. Stir all the time so that it will not get lumpy. Cook for 45 minutes. Serve with milk and syrup.

Corn Pone

Measure one cup of sour milk and pour into a mixing bowl. Add enough corn meal and a little wheat flour until you have a thick batter. Add 1/2 teaspoon of salt and a tablespoon of melted butter. Dissolve a teaspoon of soda in a small amount of water and add to the batter. Mix well. Pour into a greased pan and bake at 375 degrees for about 25 minutes, or until a golden brown.

Put some dry field corn rnels in an iron skillet or

kernels in an iron skillet or in a covered iron kettle.
Add some salt and butter.
Parch over medium heat stirring constantly until golden brown.

Put one quart of husked dry field corn into two quarts of water. Add two-tablespoonfuls of baking soda. Boil until the hulls of the grain come off easily. Wash in clear, cold water. Cook the hominy in milk, seasoned to taste with butter and salt; or boil in water, and season to taster it may be eaten with or without milk.

Vinegar Pie

Use prepared pie dough for the pie shell, or ask your mother to help you make one.

l egg, well beaten 3 tablespoons of cidervinegar

1 teaspoon lemon flavoring 4 tablespoons flour

1 cup sugar 1 cup of boiling water

I baked pie shell
Mix sugar and flour thoroughly together, then add
boiling water. Cook five
minutes. Add well-beaten
egg and cook in top of
double boiler two minutes.
Add lemon flavoring and
vinegar. Pour into baked
pie shell.

Sauerkraut

Part of the cabbage grown in the garden was often made into sauerkraut. The cabbage was cut into small pieces on a cabbage cutter-a board with sharp knife-like blades on it. The head of the cabbage was rubbed back and forth across the knifes until it was cut in small pieces. It was then mixed with salt and put in a big barrel or earthenware jar a layer at a time. Each layer was pressed down with a wooden pestle until brine or salty water came out of it. When all the cabbage was packed in, it was covered with a cloth and a board. A large stone was put on the top of the board to keep the cabbage under the brine. The jar or barrel was set in a warm place so that bacteria would grow quickly in the mixture. This bacteria made the cabbage ferment. After a few days the brinebegan to bubble. It did not have a very pleasant odor. The scum that came to the top was skimmed off. The cabbage was left to stand until it got sour. Then it was put in a cool place so bacteria could not grow as fast. It was now ready

Durbin of Old

Who remembers Durbin before 1930? The town was a combination of businesses.

The C&O Railroad and the Western Maryland were very active. Each morning at 6 a, m. a fast passenger train came from Elkins, There was a C&O passenger waiting and av transfer of express, baggage and passengers was made.

When the transfer was made both trains left Durbin. The Western Maryland went back to Elkins and the C&O headed for Ronce-

At 12:00 noon two passengers met again at Durbin. They made another transfer and departed. In all there were four trains each day coming into Durbin on the C&O and Western Maryland. Four trains on each line. At six o'clock in the evening the two lines had trains meet again in Durbin. The C&O stayed over night but the Western Maryland went back to Elkins. It arrived in Elkins at 8:00 p. m.

There was a good mine prop business in Durbin at that time. The props were stacked across the track from where Everette East lived. They were hauled in wagons by George and; Scott Darnell. There was no lumber mill there at that

The tennery was going strong and Durbin was having growing pains.

Durbin got its first water. system in 1928. A dam was built in a canyon above the bridge in West End. The system had no pumps. It was a gravity system. It seemed to have lots of pressure.

This writer doesn't remember if this was domestic water or just fire protection Either way Durbin heeded it.

The best garage in Durbin in the twenties was Dodd Dixons. He sported two gas pumps out front. Both had 10 gallon glass containers on top but they had electric pumps.

John Flinner was a busy cattle dealer. He had access to pasture land above Bar-

Cal Bailor and Johnnie Williams operated dray wagons then. They hauled anything that people wanted moved. They sometimes delivered coal in the winter for the Durbin Mercantile. They hauled freight from the depot each day.

Hiner's Hardware was a busy place. It was near the Durbin Grade School. In fact one of the Hiner girls taught there. Her name was Dolly Payne Hiner and she taught the second

grade in '28.

This was about the time that Whitman Hull learned to drive the family car. It was a '22 or '23 Model T Ford. Gene Lawton wondered (aloud) if Whitman had a driver's license. It was the first time on the streets with the car.

Stanley Robinson operated a restaurant near the depot and Frank Hyre had a restaurant on the corner by Dixon's Garage.

Myra Goodsell seemed to be the one who operated the Post Office. She was Gene Lawton's mother.

Dr. Wilhide owned the only drug store in Durbin at that time. It was next door to the Post Office. He was the father of Mike and Jim Wilhide. Jim married Zoe Kirkpatrick, of Cass, where she was a school teacher. Dr. Wilhide later moved to Cass.

A few people lived in Durbin and worked in Caas. They came home on weekends.

Sam Moore owned a store in Durbin and lived in Hosterman. He went home every evening. He drove a 25 Hudson.

The Durbin Mercantile used to have a prize package day for the people. They wrapped small items in packages and threw them from the front porch roof into the crowd: whoever caught one of the packages could keep it.

Lake Oliver was a wheel in the Durbin Mercantile in

the 1920's.

Were the good old days, better than our todays?

> Bruce Nelson 1414 E.Edgemont Phoenix, Arizona

POCAHONTAS TIMES (Page 2)

Published every Thursday except placed at the Post Office at Mur-

seemd class mutter.

BUBSCRIPTION CHARGES le Pocabontas County \$4.50 a year,

JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR

THURSDAY, DEC.23, 1976

Board of Education The Board of Education : met for a regular meeting on December 15.

Present at the meeting were several members of the Citizens Advisory Committee and Haskell Brown, architect with the firm of K. F. Weimer Associates, the the Board's architectural

The Superintendent presented to the Board his report on the public meeting held at the High School on November 29. At this meeting the Architect's estimate --total \$1,238,327-of the cost of repairing the existing school buildings to meet the standards required by the State Fire Marshal were reviewed by the citizens present and found to be reasonable. The group then reviewed the options open to the Board In trying to meet the building needs of the County's school students and, after discussion, gave approval for a plan of using the \$1,200,000 available now to the County from the Better School Amendment to build classroom space at Hillsboro, Marlinton and Green Bark for grades 1-5 now and go to the citizens for a bond issue for new facilities for grades 6-8 after the ligh fichool bonds are re-Lend A complete report of this meeting is in the December 2 issue of this

Mr. Brown presented floor place and elevation drawmax for the proposed class-Firm buildings as follows-Broalery, Triaxercoups for \$75dex 1-5, 5266,418.

Marlinton, 15 classrooma for grades 1-5, \$542,856,

Green Bank, 10 classrooms for grades 1-5

8367,577.

All buildings include toilets, teacher work space and independent heating system. These classrooms would enable students to be removed from the oldest building at Hillsboro, the Durbin building, and eliminate use of the old high school structure at Marlinton except for the gym. It is also hoped to be able to enlarge the cafeteria at Marlinton at this time, depending upon the amount of money that the Fire Marshal will require to be spent on existing buildings.

This project will be a phase one of the County's school building program, with phase two dependent upon the passing of a local bond issue after the High School bonds are paid off. Phase two will complete the County's building program very much as outlined at the time of the bond issue election in May. The major difference is at Marlinton where the existing gym building will be demolished and replacing it with a gymnasium-auditorium combination and construct-

ing a new library and media center.

The Board and Committee members asked many questions of Mr. Brown and a good discussion was held. The general Concensus was for the Board to move ahead with this phase of the

building program.

As the first step in obtaining the \$1.2 million from the State, the Board approved an amendment to the Comprehensive Educational Facilities Plan for Pocahontas County for submission to the State Department of Education and the State Board of Education. This amendment changes the County plan into a two phase project as outlined above. instead of a single phase plan as submitted to the vulney in May.

As far as is known now the amendment will be submitted to the State Board for approval at its meeting on January 14 after being reviewed by the State Department.

In other business the Board approved the use of the Marlinton Gym on January 1 by the Marlinton Jaycees for a dance and by the Huntersville Baptist Church on December 18 for recreation.

The request of the High School for students to go to Charleston on January 7 and 8 for All-State Band tryouts and to Virginia Tech at Blacksburg, Virginia, on January 14 and 15 for the

Annual High School Band

Music Reading Clinic was approved.

Approval was given to advertise for sale at public auction the following vehicles-

Five 1961, 1957, 1956, and 1959 60 passenger school buses; one 1958 54 passengar school bus; one 1952 GMC truck tractor; one 1953 Chevrolet panel truck; one 1958 Ford dump truck without bed; and one 1967 Ford van.

The Board approved the employment of Sarah Chamblee as school psychologist for the remainder of the 76-77 school year.

Albert Kelley was hired as an additional employee for the maintenance staff. Twenty-seven applications had been received for this

A revision was made in the personal leave policy for Board employees.

The Board approved various financial reports submitted by the Treasurer, Betty Lambert.

The next Board meeting will be on January 3, 1977. Old Eagle Tale

The following reprint of a story carried in The Pocahontas Times of several years ago was brought to uslast week.

Tragedy in Our County
I recently read in some magazine where a writer doubts the truth of old traditions of eagles carrying off young children, remarked Editor Calvin Price in his Pocahoutas Times of recent date. The editor then relates the following story of our county.

I have at least a true story of such a tragedy. Along about the year 1851 this terrible thing did happen in Bath County, Virginia. J. L. Kenney, of Marlinton bears witness of having heard of it often from the lips of his mother.

In that year a young married couple, Mr. and Mrs. Moorman Gilland, fived in a house on the place of Samuel Clark, the grandfather of Mr. Kenmey. This farm was at the big bend of the Cowpasture River, some ten miles above the Windy Cove Church. The Gilland home was on the east side of the river opposite a great rock vilif, rising sheer from the waters edge opward of 150 feet.

The farm at the big bend of the Cowpasture is still owned and occupied by a Clark. It is now the home of Benjamin Clark, a grandson of Samuel Clark. The site of the Gilland home today is marked by a pile of chimney stones. On the Big Bend Farm is Abes Hill. Here the Confederate States Government worked the dirt for sait petre, to make gun powder during the War between the States. Great mounds are still to be seen, where dirt was piled after being leached in hoppers to run off the nitrogen.

Gilland was a carpenter, and went one day to the mansion house Andrew Sitlington some miles down the river to perform some work. The young mother prepared to do the weeks washing at the river, perhaps a hundred yards away. She took her babe in her arms. She laid the little boy on the clothes and started back to the house for something she needed. As she was going she heard the baby scream, and turning to look, she was horrified by the sight of a great golden engle, known locally as a blick eagle, flying away with her child. Across the diver it went to a shelf under an overbanging ledge, about 100 feet up. Above this shelf was a perpendicular face of rock of perhaps 50 feet, and the whole cliff a mile or so long. Can you imagine a more

tragic situation.

The Clark house was a mile away and the frantic young mother hurried there. All the men folks were away from home, and Mr. Kenneys mother, then a girl of fifteen years set out to bring together for help the thinly settled community.

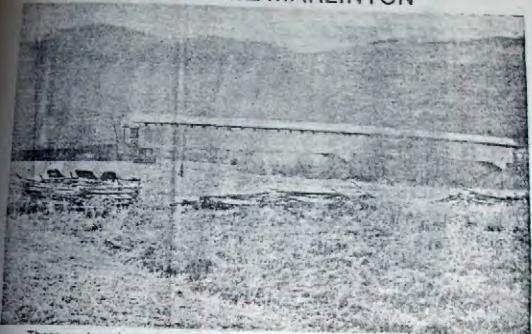
When the men were finally gathered, they let an active young Allegbeny Mountaineer down the face of the cliff with a rope. He found but the head of the child and its bloody garments.

Whether there was more than one eagle, and they consumed the little body there, or carried it away to the nest was never known.

Editors Note- The above tale has been authenticated by several of the older generations who heard of the incident from their elders. George B. Venable heard his father relate the story on several occasions. The land marks mentioned in the story remain unchanged to this day.



OLD TIME MARLINTON



These are two views of the covered bridge at Marlinton, built in 1854 and replaced in 1915. Both photos were taken by Dr. N. R. Price on glass negatives in the 1890's. The original negatives are part of the photo collection of the Pocahontas County Historical





Cass Town of Cass about 1910

The deed for the Town of Cass was recorded in the County Clerk's Office Tuesday. The deed was made from Mower Lumber Company to the State of West Virginia, for use of the Department of Natural Resources; the consideration was \$669,611 for about twenty pages of tracts and parcels of land.

Governor Moore at a news conference last week announced the purchase had been completed and the town would be restored as a logging town in the early 1900's.

In a telephone call Tuesday, Kermit McKeever, Chief of the Division of Parks and Recreation, Department of Natural Resources, said first attention would have to go to basic operations such as water, sewage, etc., and determination of leases. The land is an addition to the already existing Cass Scenic Railroad State Park. Otherwise no definite plans have been made for the restoration.

Dear Mrs. Sharp

The picture of Cass in 1910 surely brought old memories back to me, because my father, mother and four children moved to Cass that spring from Alton. He was a sawmill man, Isaac Samuel Pringle. I remember so many nice people where the mill sat. especially the Cassells and often thought how I would like to meet them again. My father's first work was for a Max Curry, from Marlinton. My father later went from portable to band mills at Grove City just below the tunnel. The Mc-Clures (especially Ovid) Jane McClure became my aunt, married George Sparks from Baptist Valley close to Princeton.

Hoping to hear from some one that remembers as I have a lot of interesting stories to tell concerning the lumber business.

> Letha Sparks P. O. Box 721 Elyria, Ohio 44035

Bethel Church History by -David N. Moore

For a number of years people of Bethel and surrounding communities worshiped in the different school houses. The old-The old. Moore school house, built out of logs and located a short distance from the Hosterman Road, was named for Jackson Moore. The Hoover school house, built on Abel Hoover's farm and named for him, was another place of worship and school. In later years it was replaced by: a newbuilding. Another school house named the Big Fill, located on Route 250 at the base of Cheat Mountain, got its name from a fill! made in the road across the creek.

The above named school houses were the first to be built. In later years a school house was built on F. K. Moore's farm and named the Cherry Grove School because a number of cherry trees stood close by.

Two school houses were built in Hosterman; one in the town and the other one a short distance up the creek from town. They took their name from the town.

Also, at Boyer Siding a school house was used for a number of years or until the band mill finished sawing.

All of the above named places served a two-fold purpose, a place of worship and school too, but time brings vast changes, so as more people came into the different communities the need for a church was seen.

In the early spring of 1904, a few sawmill men who were doing some sawing for F. K. Moore, one beautiful Sunday evening made the remark that this would be a good time to go to church. Since there was no church to go to, it was decided that two men go up the road and two down to

The men found everyone in favor of a church. No further plans of a place or size were decided between the Brethren and the Southern Methodist, so in the early stimmer of 1904 the Brethren began building their church on the Samuel Hevener farm and the church was dedicated late that summer.

This delayed the building of the Bethel Church for a time, but in the summer of 1905 a building committee was formed consisting of Ben Simmers, Wallace Curry, Thomas Houchin and Forrest K. Moore. This committee made plans as to location, size and building material being donated.

Forrest K. Moore gave one acre of ground for the church and cemetery. The present location of the church was the one selected for the building. In the early summer of 1906 carpenters began work on the new church. The head carpenter was Fred Mauzy and a helper, a Mr. Mullenax. By early fall it was completed and shortly thereafter was dedicated as the Southern Methodist Church. However, since the merger of the two it is now a branches. United Methodist Church. In those days a dedication with a free dinner on the ground always drew a large crowd. People came in buggies, road wagons, horseback, and some walked ten miles or more, but not an auto was there. The dedicatorial sermon was preached by Rev. Jackson Lamber, of Maryland. The first preacher to serve on the Bethel charge was Rev. Albert Vandevender; the next was Rev. H. Q. Burr.

The church has recently been enlarged by the addition of four Sunday School rooms, a kitchen, running water, a modern furnace and aluminum siding was put on the outside for covering. The inside was covered with paneling. A new foundation of concrete blocks, a vestibule and a bell donated by Mrs. Lennie Nottingham was placed in the belfry. At first, chairs were used to seat the people but they proved unsatisfactory, so pews were added. A piano, tables, chairs and a library are used.

Well we know that Old Father Time brings vast changes in communities and churches. Of the large crowd that attended the dedication. less than a dozen are alive today. All of the above named school houses are gone. A church built by the Progressive Brethren near the Hoover school house burned down. The Hevener Brethren Church stands idle for lack of enough members. A few members attend the Brethren Church at Durbin.

The Bethel Church needs more members. We have preaching each Sunday at 9:45 followed by Sunday School.

Mistakes have been made and are still being made in building churches. For lack of cooperation between the Methodist and Brethren, two churches were built while one would have served the needs of the members and saved cost and upkeep of two churches.

May the Bethel Church long continue to function as a place for Christians to worship their Maker and Redeemer while on earth and its influence shed a light on lost souls.

(Page 2)

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JANE PRICE SHARP, EDITOR THURSDAY, JAN. 27, 1977

> Settlers in Pocahontas County Before 1800

A special committee of the Pocahontas County Historical Society is completing the final work necessary to locate the cabin sites of the pioneers living in Pocahontas County before the year of 1800. A number of cabin sites have been found but there are still a large number of sites which have not been located.

Once all of the possible cabin sites are located, the sites will be permanently marked and the locations recorded at the Pocahon-tas County Courthouse. The committee has determined that the following settlers lived in Pocahon-tas County before the year 1800. The cabin sites of those names marked with an asterisk * have already been located.

Buckeye-Marlinton-Knapps Creek Area

Alderman, Ezekial, Auldridge, William, Sr., Baxter, John; Baker, Henry; Bradshaw, John; Bridger, James; Bridger, John; Brown, Joseph; Brown, Josiah; *Buckley, Joshua; Cleek, Michael; Daugherty, Michael; Drinnon, Charles; *Drinnon, Lawrence; *Drinnon, Thomas; Ewing, John; Ewing, William; Friel, Jeremiah; *Galford, Thomas, Sr.; *Gay, Robert; Gregory, Knapp; Grimes, Felix; Holcomb, Timothy; Johnson, John; Kee, George; *Lightner, Peter; Marlin Jacob: Matthews, Sampson; McCarty, Tim-othy; McCollum, William; McNell, Thomas; Moore, Auron; Moore, James;

Moore, John; Moore, Joseph; Moore, Levi, Sr.; *Moore, Moses; Moore, Robert; Moore, William; Poage, James; *Sewall, Stephen; Sharp, John; Sharp, William; Sr.; Slator; Patricis Smith, John; Wangh, James; Waugh, Samuel; Young, William.

*Drinnon Fort; *Greenbrier Fort

Hillsboro-Mill Point Area Beard, Josiah; Brinnell, James; Burgess, Nathan; Burgess, John, Jr.; Burnsides, John; Burnsides, James; Cackley, Valentine; *Callison, James; Clen-dennin, William; Clendenning, Charles; Cochran, John; Cochran, Thomas; Day, David; Day, John; Day Nathaniel; /David, Thomas; Davis, John; Dick, John; Edmiston, William; Evans, Griffith; Gilliland, Samuel; Gillion, Nathan; Hannah, David, Sr.; Harper, Henry; Hill, John; *Hill, Richard; Hughes, Ellis; James, David; Jordan, John; *Kinnison, Charles; Kinnison, David; Kinnison, Edward; Kinnison, Jacob; Lewis, James; Mayse, William; McGennis, John; Mc-Neel, Abraham; McNeel, Isaac; *McNeel, John; Mc-Neil, Jonathan; Naylor; Oldham; Pennell, John; Poage, John; *Poage, William; Salisbury, William; Scott, Thomas; Seybert, Jacob; Switzer, John; Waddell, Alexander; Waddell, William.

Indian Forts

Fort Austin, Fort Burnside, Fort Clendenen, *Fort Day, (Fort Buckley), Fort Ellis. Dunmore-Green Bank-

Bartow Area Arbogast, Adam; *Bible. Jacob; *Burner, Abram; *Collins, John; *Conrad, John H.; *Cooper, James; Gillispie, Jacob; Griffin, Benona; Higgins, William; Hartman, Godlip; Ingraham, Abraham; In-graham, Peter; Jarvis, Thomas; Kerney, James; *Kerr, Daniel; McCartee, James; McKamey, James; *Nottingham, William, Sr.; Rucker, James; Rucker, James, Jr.; Sitlington, Robert; *Slaven, John; Sloan; *Sutton, John, Sr.; Tallman, James; Tallman, Samuel; Taylor, William; Warwick, Andrew; Warwick, Jacob; *Warwick, John; Warwick, John, Jr. Warwick, William; *Wooddell, Joseph; Wooddell, Thomas; *Yeager, John.

Indian Forts
Mouth of Deer Creek
Fort, Joseph Wooddell
Fort, Warwick Fort at Clover Lick, Warwick Fort at
Dunmore, *Warwick Fort
at Green Bank,

If you have any information on the above settlers or additional names to add to the list, please contact Larry Jarvinen, Chairman, 824 15th Avenue, Marlinton, W. Va. or any Pocahontas

Pocahoutas in 1823 The extract printed below is from a letter written by Col. J. Howe Peyton, the first commonwealth's attorney of this county, on his first term of the "Superior Court" which was held after the formation of the county. The two buildings, which he speaks of, were situated on the site of Mr. C.R. Moore's house, The county in 1830 contained 2,542 people. Col. Peyton traveled with Judge Stuart from Staunton, and as his letter shows, he was considerably impressed with the crudeness of the manner of living west of the

"On Tuesday at two o'clock we arrived at Huntersville, the seat of Justice of Pocahontas County-a place as much out of the world as Crim Tartary. Owing to the bad condition of the roads we were fatigued and bore many marks of travel stain. The so called town of Huntersville consists of two illyconstructed time worn, (though it is not time which has worn them,) weather beaten cabins built on logs and covered with clapboards. My negro cabins on Jackson's River are palaces in comparison with them. -

Alleghany:

One of these wretched havels is the residence of John Bradshaw, the other is called the loom house for these people are self susteining. They spin and seave. The big wheel and De little wheel are birring in every hut and throwing off the woolen and linen yen to be worked up for! family purposes. The home-spun cloth, too, is stronger and more durable than that brought by our muchania from Northern Manufacturers.

In Bradshaw's dwelling there is a large fireplace which occupies one entire side, the gable end. The so short that the room is filled with light which enters this way. It is an ingenious contrivance for letting all the warmth escape through the chimney. whilst most of the smoke is driven back into the chamber. In the chimney corner I prepared my legal. papers before a roaring fire, surrounded by rough mountaineers, who were drinking whiskey and as night advanced, growing riotous. In the back part of the room two beds were curtained off with horse blankets-one for the Judge and one for myself. To the left of the fireplace stood old Bradshaw's couch. In the loft, to which

they ascended, by means of a ladder, his daughter and the hired woman slept, and at times of a crowd, a wayfarer. The other guests were sent to sleep in the Loom House, in which was suspended in the loom a half-woven piece of cloth. Three beds were disposed about the room, which completed its appointmentsone was allotted to Sampson Mathews, a second to George Mays, and John Brown. The loom was used as a hat rack at night and for sitting on, in the absence of chairs in the day. As there was not a chair or stool beyond those used by the weaving women, my clients roosted on the loom while detailing their troubles and receiving advico.

"Bradshaw's table is well supplied. There is profusion, if not prodigality in the rich, lavish bounty of the goodly tavern. We had no venison, as this is a shy season with the deer, but excellent mutton with plenty of apple sauce, peach pie, roasting ears. As a mark of deference and respect to the Court, I presumed, we had a table cloth-they are not often seen on Western tables and when they are, are not innocent of color-and clean sheets upon our beds. This matter of the sheets is no small affair in out of the way places, as it not unfrequently happens that wanderers communicate disease through the bedclothing. Old Bradshaw's family is scrupulously clean which is somewhat remarkable in a region where cleanliness is for the most part on the outside. A false modesty seems to prevent those salutary ablutions which are so necessary to health, and I did not commend myself to the good graces of the hired woman by insisting on my footbath every morning.

We remained five days at Huntersville closely engaged in the business of Court, which I found profitable. Pocahontas is a fine grazing county, and the support of the people is mainly derived from their flocks of cattle, horses and sheep, which they drive over the mountains to market. There is little money among them except after these excursions, but they have little need of it-every want is supplied by the happy country they possess, and of which they are as fond as the Swiss of their mountains. It is a pretty country, a country of diversified and beautiful scenery in which there is a wealth of vardure and variety which keeps the rttention alive and the outward eye delighted.

-Some Snow!

During the winter of 1855, the Trotter Brothers had a contract with the U.S. Govern ment to carry the mail between Huttonsville (Randolph County) and Staunton, Virginia. The brothers had made the trip from Huttonsville to Staun ton and a severe snow storm came up while they were in Staunton and on their return trip could not cross Chest Mountain, and as the result of this delayed trip, the people in the Tygart Valley complained to Postal Authorities about the delay in delivery of their mail. The Postal authorities wrote the brothers for an explanation, and the following is an exact worded copy of their answer.

Mr. Postmaster General, Washington, D. C. Sir:

If you knock the gable end out of Hell and back it up against Cheat Mountain and rain fire and brimstone on it for forty days and forty nights, it won't melt the snow enough to get your d ---- mail through on time.

Yours Truly
Trotter Brothers
By: (s) James Trotter"

This letter was kept in the office of the Postmaster General in Washington, D.C. as late as 1934, framed and hung on the wall. I obtained a copy on the official Postal Department stationary during that year.

GLV

CCC

Dear Sira:

Between 1934 and 1935 approximately two score Civilian and Soil Conservation Service work camps were established in West Virginia from Hancock to McDowell counties and at Cabell to Berkeley Counties and at most counties between

I was fortunate to have lived in and worked at two of these camps for six years. In fact, I met my wife to be and was married the last two years of camp. I know today only six of the hundreds I lived and worked with. I supposed many died during the interven-

ing 35 years.

Every group worth its salt should have at least one Homecoming during a lifetime. I would like to suggest or propose that the newspapers in this State sponsor such a homecoming; extending invitations to the States of Kentucky. Ohio and Indiana, who sent boys into this State, that I know of, and suspect from many other states. Would further suggest a date or dates in July or August 1977. Each member would return to his choice of campsites to meet with old friends and inspect the sites with all their improvements-parks, campgrounds, farmland and forests. I am mailing copies of this letter to the editor of approximately a dozen newspapers that I know of and trust your judgment whether the expenses and effort required is justified. Thank you.

> Vellar C. Plantz 640 Maple Ave.No.4 New Martineville, WV 26155

This paper certainly endorses Mr. Plantz's idea for reunions of the men that worked in various CCC Camps although we are not in the position to be the organizers of the ones in Pocahontas County. The history of the CCC camps in Pocahontas and other courties does need to be recorded and is a worthwhile project for someone to undertake. It seems that most historical projects are begun at least one generation too late-after the participants have passed from this life. With the CCC camps the situation is different providing the work of writing their history is begun before too many more years pass and reunions are a good way to collect a good deal of this material.

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IAME PRICE SHARP. EDITOR
THURSDAY, FEB. 3, 1977

The following article on the CCC was written by Meade L. Waugh for the Glen Vaughan collection of Pocahontas County history.

Recollections of the Civilian Conservation Corps. [CCC]

1933-1937
Written for the
Lt. Glen L. Vaughan
"Pocahontas County
Bicentennial

The CCC was established in March 1933 by an Act of the 73rd Congress. It was an agency born of hope from the devastating economic and social catastrophe of the "great Depression."

The purpose of the CCC was generally twofold. First. it was to provide a means whereby thousands of young men, from econom-ically depressed families could be given gainful employment and at the same time assist their fathers, mothers, sisters and brothers at home. The second general purpose of the CCC was to provide the manpower for the conservation and renewal of our devastated forests and establishment of public parks and recreational areas through out the nation.

CCC Camps, of about 200 men each, were setup at sppropriate locations all scross the country. The Army was given responsibility of administration, housing, clothing, teding, paying and of haves the men ready for work ach day. At that time the truly in the United States as organized into Corps

Headquarters was located at Fort Hays, in Columbus, Ohio. Each state was a Military District. West Virginia District Headquarters was in Charleston. The districts were divided into sectors, Marlinton, Elkins, Richwood. Lewisburg. Clarksburg etc.

Various technical services, i e, National Forest Service, State Forest Service, National and State Park Service, etc, were given the responsibility for the projects of the camps located in their forests or parks.

The first camps were established and administrated primarily by personnel from the regular Army (there were a few Navy and Marine personnel). It is interesting to recall that the Standing Army in 1932 was only about seventy thousand men, and a private's pay was \$21 per month. Gradually members of the Officers Reserve Corps

were called to active duty and assigned to the CCC. The camps were operated as military companies, army clothing, bedding and feeding were handled on army basis. The Mess Officer was given a ration allowance, about thirty five cents per man per day. He bought fresh vegetables, fruit and other perishables from local suppliers and requisitioned "dry" stores from the Corps Area Quartermaster. (The purchase of a great deal of equipment, supplies and services within the local communities, was a considerable economic help during the depression). Most camps had their own vegetable gardens and some raised a few hogs and chickens. These projects were carried on by the men after working hours, and served to supplement the regular army rations.

Each enrolles was paid \$30 per month of which \$25 was sent to his parents by allotment and he would receive \$5 in cash. In addition the enrollee received housing, clothing, food and medical attention. Any one who lived during those depression days, knows of the economic help this \$25 a month provided those families. The benefits derived by the thousands of young men who were given meaningful jobs in the CCC is immeasurable. sands of them learned skills which equipped them for good jobs later on. Many learned machine and equipment operation and maintenance, welding, truck driving, forestry, surveying and many learned office skills such as typing and bookkeeping. Hundreds became cooks and medical assistants. Most of all it gave them hope at a time when things looked rather hopeless. When the country went to war in Decembor 1941, the men with CCC experience performed a great service in forming the nucleus of administration for the rapidly expanding army.

The work performed by the CCC under the direction of the various technical services was near miraculous. Prior to the CCC our forests and timber land were burned over almost without control, each spring and fall. Brush thickets and charred tree trunks covered our hillsides. Mountain streams were clogged and littered, and wildlife suffered the ravages of this forest neglect. With the help of the CCC the Forest Service built fire roads, cleared up

streams and planted millions of trees throughout the vast forests of our country. The Park Services built and rehabilitated hundreds of state and national parks all over the nation.

Today beautiful forests and parks stand as living evidence of the efforts of thousands of young men who were without hope, but were organized into one of the great "experiments" of our country to the benefit of themselves, their families and the enduring public

good.

The writer was privileged to have had a part in the CCC. I had earned a commission as a Reserve Officer in the army through. attendance at Civilian Citizen Military Training Camp during the summers of 1929-1932 so was ordered to duty during the CCC expansion in the spring of 1935. I served in various camps throughout West Virginia, including Black Black Mountain Camp F 15 and Camp Thornwood F 6 in Pocahontas County. My assignments ranged from Camp Commander, mess officer, exchange officer,, finance officer, and on some occasions, all at the same time. As a very young officer I had to learn quickly, I made many mistakes and received much help from all sides. I want to mention a few people that I knew and was associated with in the CCC who were from Pocahontas County or who had connections there.

The only Reserve Officer with whom I was acquainted in the CCC from Pocahontas was Lt. Quinn L. Oldaker, of Durbin. He was a member of the Cadre that established Camp Thornwood. Capt. Wilfred Jackson was at Black Mountain along with Lt. Floyd Ingram. Capt. Jackson lived a number of years in Marlinton and Lt. Ingram was married to the former Miss Billie Nelson, of Marlinton. Bill Kramer, of Bartow, was camp superintendent at Black Mountain and Pete Hanlon was superintendent at Thornwood. Lt. Fred Reilly married the daughter of Tim Kenealy, of Cass. Also several young ladies of Pocahontas found good husbands through the CCC. Among them were Miss Kathryn Adkison married Julian Fawcett, and Miss Mabel McNeill married "Bunk" Conrad, of Hammond, Indiana, Alice Fortune married Carl Ballentine (ips)

While I was at Camp Nicholas at Cowen, Rev. H. H. Orr, former Presbyte-

rian minister at Marlinton, who was at that time in Richwood, conducted services at least once a month at the camps in that area. Mrs. Orr would play a portable organ which they . carried in the trunk of the car. Rev. and Mrs. Orr were wonderful, unselfish people who served God's children wherever they found them. E. C. Daetwyler, long associated with the First National Bank in Marlinton, was during CCC days a banker in Webster Springs. He was always helpful to the CCC personnel.

My brother-in-law, Bruce Crickard served in several different camps including Camp Watoga where he helped supervise the building of the dam for Watoga Lake. Odie Clarkson, of Cass, who later lived in Marlinton, served with the technical service at Thornwood while I was there and Neal McKissic, who married Oleta Rhea and settled in Marlinton, was an equipment operator at Black Mountain. Of course there were many more local people who served so well and contributed much to the

success of the CCC.

The hard work, the snow, rain, mud and at times bitter cold or stifling heat; the seemingly endless inspections, the CCC pills seems pretty small now in light of the lasting accomplishments in conservation of forests and parks, and of thousands of American youth of the "Great Depression."

Meade L. Waugh May 31, 1976 Fort Wayne, Ind. Whiskey's Tale

I am a bottle

They call my name whiskey
they buy me and drink me
they buy me and drink me
they hav feel frisky
and think they feel frisky

Though I make them vomit And get them in jail And get them in jail They always come back on The day of my sale

Though I make a fellow Beat up on his wife And threaten to cut off Her head with a knife

And cuss her and drive her Right out in the snow Without any clothes on And nowhere to go

And swear at the children And scold them and rave And threaten to brain them If they don't behave

And smash up the bureau and furniture all And kick down the pictures That hang on the wall

Though I cause a fellow To hit his own dad And yell at his mother And make her feel bad

Or jerk her and shove her Around in the house Till she feels as happy As a cornered mouse

And then puke all over The bed and the floor And swoon into slumber And slobber and snore

For me they are willing
To shell out the cash
Which would buy their
family
Some bread and some hash

My fury is seen in My sparkle and foam So they bug the bottle To carry me home

A little ashamed for The people who spy To look through the bottle And know it is 1

bit when they get somewhere where no one can see They turn up the bottle had fill up with me Then all their shame leaves them And all their respect Till even good husbands Will not be henpecked

When I am no more than The essence of grain Or fruit and am needed No one should abstain

But when I am polluted With drugs and with dirt Then people who drink me Do so to their hurt

To drug me and sell me Is very unkind Someday in God's Kingdom I shall be refined

Turn now to Isaiah Read twenty five, six And Amos nine, fourteen God's clock of time ticks

See John, second chapter Where Jesus made wine Which tickled the tipplers Who said it was fine Harper Anderson

I found this poem among some of my valuable possessions, that is to me they are. Some of my children call it Mom's junk, and I do save everything I think I may use or perhaps someone else may be able to. I get my temper up once in awhile, when I go to clean, and will throw something away. Then I will go through it a time or two before completely disposing of it.

One thing I can say I am really thankful for is that I voted against intoxicating drinks. I told one lady that I was going to vote against it; she said, "Oh, no, Mildred, then the moonshiners will take over. I told her, well, if they did that we wouldn't be held responsible that it would be the ones that bought it and drank it. I never did know how she voted but I often wondered.

I will never forget the time when I ran upon a still which was upon a wooded hill from what we use to call the Taylor hollow. This is the honest truth, it isn't one of Pete Taylor's lies. I saw the smoke from our old home place and of course "Old Nosey" went to investigate. When I looked down the nozzle of that gun, I thought, Oh my, this is it. I am telling you I took down off of that hill and said I won't tell no one and I didn't. I am not saying yet who was standing there with that gun. Well anyway the still was moved to where I never did know and surely didn't try to find out. I was around eight or nine years old at that time, so that would have been around the year 1922.

I know that it has been a long time since this poem "Whiskey's Tale" was published for on the back of the copy I have is an advertisement from the A & P Store, which states:

Eight o'Clock Coffee -21 cents per lb., 3 lbs. 69 cents.

Bar H Candy Bars-3 for 10 cents.

Red Cross Towels-2 rolls-19 cents

Florida Oranges-8 lb. bag-63 cents.

Iceburg lettuce-head-

California Carrotsbunch-8 cents.

Maine Potatoes-peck bag-63 cents

Golden Yams—lb. 10 cents White House Milk—4 tall

cans—35 cents Lux toilet soap—Cake—7

cents
Donuts-dozen-15
cents

There was also an advertisement For Sale—11-4 hp gasoline engine with belt; small feed mill and woodsaw outfit; one two horse sled, one good typewriter— See H. H. Beard, Beard, WV,

Mildred McLaughlin

Proptier Forta chuntan County Rich In Historical Localities

The old forta used in territory now comprising Pocahonius were as fol-

Fort Burnside - On Greendefinitely known. Supposed to be near the station way.

Fort Clover Lick .- On Clover Creek about one and a half miles from its mouth, near the north fork of the creek, and about 300 yards from the residence of the late C. P. Dorr.

Fort Drennen-West of the public road, about 300 yards, in an old orchard, at the foot of Elk Mountain, half a mile porthwest of Edray.

Fort Buckley-At Mill Point on the site of the home of Isaac McNeel, on the northern bank of Stamping Creek about one and one half miles from Greenbrier River. Sometimes called Fort Day or Fort Price.

Fort Warwick-Located on Deer Creek about three miles from its mouth and about four miles from Cass. This Fort was near the

home of Peter H. Warwick. There was also an old fort near Green Bank on land formerly owned by James Wooddell and now owned by Henry Wooddell. The name of this fort is not known. The old building was still standing a few years ago and may still be there.

There was also an old fort on Greenbrier River near the mouth of Stony Creek on the Levi Gay Farm, now owned by Pat Gay. It was at this place Baker was killed by the Indians. Richard Hill, the ancestor of all the Hills in the Levels, and Baker in the early morning went to the river to wash for breakfast, when the indians fired on them killing Baker but Hill escaped to the fort. The alarm was given that Indians were in the country and about twenty men came from the Levels but no trace could be found and upon their return to the

Levels, the Bridger bays left the main party and took a near cut and were killed Indian time as shown by in the low place on the records and tradition in mountain now owned by W. H. Auldridge where they were waylaid and killed by Indiana

Previous to the time of brier River. Location not the forts named above, General Andrew Lewis, acting on instructions from the Burnaide on the Greenbrier Governor of Virginia, in the division of the C&O Rail- year of 1755, established a fort known as Fort Greenbrier on the hand that he had prior to that time surveyed at the mouth of Knapps Creek on the Greenbrier River. The river had been named in 1751, and this is demonstrated by the order to establish the fort at Greenbrier. This fort stood about where the Court House stands now. General Lewis was at this place when he marched his company to join Braddock. He was in the disastrous battle near Pittsburgh where Braddock was slain and left 800 men dead on the field. These bodies were not buried, until their bones were collected years after. It is probably the most savage occurrence in the history of the English

> The work has begun to preserve the traditions of our ancestors. Every native born should see to it that the memory of our forefathers is not to perish from the earth. In the early history of Virginia, these men stood like a living wall between the savages of the west and the happy colonial homes of Virginia. And the line was never broken in the seventy odd miles of the frontier represented by the bounds of Pocahontas County.

The blood still runs in our veins. We hope and believe that it is the same heroic blood and that it will endure the test when it comes, as it most surely will. In the meantime, the least that we can do is to keep green the memory of the pioneers.

Reprinted from Pocahontas Times January 25, 1917.

POCAHONTAS COUNTY BIGENTENNIAL

These few pages and the reprints from the Pocahontas Times and articles sent by friends interested in our counties history and our people over these two hundred years, though not written in any special style.

To Louise McNeill Pease our counties most famous poet I owe the insperation and urge to spend many long hours and trial and error to get these few articles bound together although not in any uniform order either in space or vears. This work should be dedicated to many people of Pocahontas, but looking back to 1910 to the present I must give credit to those who sent articles and their names are contained in their events and lines or stories given me. To cover everyone would take too much space so for space I add the following, which should be in first book

This work I hereby dedicate to the following men, who in my younger years played such a lasting impression on my life. To my friends and life long advisors:-

I DEDICATE THIS PAPER

Mr. G.D.McNeill. Mr. C.W. Price. Mr. C.E. Denison.

/s/ Glen L. Vaughan